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<td>Eastern Portal Development Plan STAKEHOLDER DRAFT</td>
<td>Draft Eastern Portal Development Plan for stakeholder consultation</td>
<td>Sabrina Chapman</td>
<td>Mat Peel</td>
<td>Mark Wells</td>
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<td>Draft Eastern Portal Development Plan for public display</td>
<td>Sabrina Chapman</td>
<td>Mat Peel</td>
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<td>Sabrina Chapman</td>
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<td>Sabrina Chapman</td>
<td>Mat Peel</td>
<td>Mark Wells</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Table of Contents

Foreword ............................................................................................................................... 1  
Executive Summary ............................................................................................................... 3  
1 Introduction ....................................................................................................................... 4  
1.1 Purpose of the Development Plan ................................................................................. 4  
1.2 Incorporated Document conditions ............................................................................. 4  
1.3 Community and stakeholder engagement .................................................................... 6  
2 Site context ......................................................................................................................... 9  
2.1 Broader context and strategic positioning ....................................................................... 9  
2.2 Historical and natural context ....................................................................................... 9  
2.3 Existing site conditions ................................................................................................. 9  
3 Scope of works in Eastern Portal precinct ......................................................................... 10  
4 Design response ................................................................................................................. 12  
4.1 Design Development ...................................................................................................... 12  
4.2 Design principles for Metro Tunnel .............................................................................. 12  
4.2.1 Vision and key directions ......................................................................................... 12  
4.2.2 Precinct-specific design issues for the Eastern Portal ............................................... 13  
4.3 Consistency with Urban Design Strategy ...................................................................... 13  
4.3.1 Architectural response .............................................................................................. 13  
4.3.2 Landscape response .................................................................................................. 14  
4.3.3 Public realm response ............................................................................................... 14  
4.3.4 User experience and surrounding environment ......................................................... 15  
4.3.5 Lighting .................................................................................................................... 15  
4.3.6 Signage ..................................................................................................................... 15  
4.3.7 Ancillary features ...................................................................................................... 15  
4.3.8 Materials and finishes .............................................................................................. 15  
4.3.9 Crime prevention through environmental design ..................................................... 19  
4.4 Consistency with Environmental Management Framework ........................................ 20  
4.4.1 Aquatic ecology and river health ............................................................................... 21  
4.4.2 Arboriculture ........................................................................................................... 21  
4.4.3 Historical cultural heritage ....................................................................................... 22  
4.4.4 Land use and planning ............................................................................................. 22  
4.4.5 Landscape and visual ............................................................................................... 23  
4.4.6 Social and community ............................................................................................... 24  
4.4.7 Surface water ........................................................................................................... 24  
4.4.8 Transport .................................................................................................................. 25  
5 Conclusion ......................................................................................................................... 26  
Appendix A: Eastern Portal Site Layout Plan ......................................................................... A  
Appendix B: Eastern Portal Architectural Plans and Elevations ....... B  
Appendix C: Eastern Portal Landscape and Public Realm Plans and Elevations ................. C  
Appendix D: Eastern Portal Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment ...................... D  
Appendix E: Eastern Portal Environmental Performance Requirements assessment ....... E
Figures
Figure 1 – Eastern Portal works by CYP and RIA (RIA work extents to be confirmed)
Figure 2 – Development Plan consultation process
Figure 3 – Scope and extent of built form of CYP’s works at Eastern Portal precinct
Figure 4 – Eastern Portal works by CYP and RIA (RIA work extents to be confirmed)
Figure 5 – Schematic showing Eastern Portal precinct heritage context
Figure 6 – Materials and finishes at the Eastern Portal

Tables
Table 1 – Response to conditions of the Incorporated Document
Table 2 – Summary of RPV Environmental Management Framework
Table 3 – Design response to relevant aquatic ecology and river health EPRs
Table 4 – Design response to relevant historical cultural heritage EPRs
Table 5 – Design response to relevant land use and planning EPRs
Table 6 – Design response to relevant landscape and visual EPRs
Table 7 – Design response to relevant social and community EPR
Table 8 – Design response to relevant surface water EPRs
Table 9 – Design response to relevant transport EPRs
## Abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Full Form</th>
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<tr>
<td>CBD</td>
<td>Central Business District</td>
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<tr>
<td>CoS</td>
<td>City of Stonnington</td>
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<td>CHMP</td>
<td>Cultural Heritage Management Plan</td>
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<td>CPTED</td>
<td>Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design</td>
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<td>CYP</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership</td>
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<td>DEDJTR</td>
<td>Department of Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources</td>
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<td>DPRC</td>
<td>Development Plan Review Committee</td>
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<td>EVC</td>
<td>Ecological Vegetation Class</td>
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<td>EES</td>
<td>Environment Effects Statement</td>
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<td>EMF</td>
<td>Environmental Management Framework</td>
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<td>EPA</td>
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<td>HV</td>
<td>Heritage Victoria</td>
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<td>Office of Victorian Government Architect</td>
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<td>PS&amp;TR</td>
<td>Project Scope and Technical Requirements</td>
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<td>PSA</td>
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<td>PTV</td>
<td>Public Transport Victoria</td>
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<td>Rail Projects Victoria</td>
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<td>TBM</td>
<td>Tunnel Boring Machine</td>
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<td>TIV</td>
<td>Transport for Victoria</td>
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<td>UDAAP</td>
<td>Urban Design Architectural Advice Panel</td>
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<td>UDS</td>
<td>Urban Design Strategy</td>
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<td>WSUD</td>
<td>Water Sensitive Urban Design</td>
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Foreword from Rail Projects Victoria

Rail Projects Victoria (RPV) (previously named the Melbourne Metro Rail Authority) is the Victorian Government body responsible for delivery of the overall Metro Tunnel Project (the Project). In conjunction with its delivery partners, RPV is responsible for all aspects of the Project including planning and development of a project reference design, site investigations, stakeholder engagement, planning approvals and procurement, through to construction delivery and project commissioning.

The Project has already undergone an extensive and robust planning assessment process. As part of this, RPV published an Environment Effects Statement (EES) and draft Planning Scheme Amendment that included an integrated assessment of the potential environmental, social, economic and planning impacts of the Project, and the approach to managing these impacts.

In developing the EES, RPV undertook a comprehensive engagement program to seek input from stakeholders and the community. The EES provides flexibility for design changes to be made within the approved Project Land as contractors are appointed and designs are refined, provided the Environmental Performance Requirements (EPRs) are met by the contractors delivering the works.

The Project’s concept design in the EES positions the Eastern Portal on the east side of Osborne Street in close proximity to Toorak Road. This location was influenced by design standards required for crossing under the Sandringham and Frankston rail lines and requires a tunnel boring machine retrieval box to be located in the rail reserve between Osborne Street, South Yarra and the existing Sandringham Line.

The Project is made up of a series of works packages:

- Cross Yarra Partnership (CYP) is the consortium contracted to deliver the Tunnels and Stations Public Private Partnership (PPP) works package, including twin nine-kilometre tunnels, two tunnel entrance portals and five new underground stations. As part of delivering this package, CYP will be responsible for the main tunnelling works, station fit-out, mechanical and electrical systems, tunnel boring machine extraction shafts at the portals, and specific station operations and maintenance services.

- The Rail Infrastructure Alliance (RIA) contractor will be responsible for works at the Eastern Portal including cut and cover tunnelling, tunnel decline structures and realignment of existing rail tracks to allow for the new Metro Tunnel tracks as they surface. The RIA contractor is yet to be appointed by RPV.

Figure 1 provides an overview of CYP and RIA’s scope and extent of built form within the Eastern Portal precinct.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan only addresses the scope and extent of CYP’s works at the Eastern Portal, including:

- An ancillary building with emergency access and egress
- Reinstatement of Osborne Street
- Landscaping within the CYP extent of works area surrounding the ancillary building.

Other works proposed in the Eastern Portal, including landscaping and hardscaping in the public realm, will be undertaken by the appointed RIA contractor, with ongoing interface activities between CYP and RIA as required. The scope and extent of the built form for the appointed RIA contractor will be addressed in a separate Development Plan, anticipated in Q4 of 2018, which will be subject to public inspection and comment in accordance with the Incorporated Document.

Evan Tattersall
Chief Executive Officer
Rail Projects Victoria

8 May 2018
Figure 1 – Eastern Portal works by CYP and RIA (RIA work extents to be confirmed)
Executive Summary

Cross Yarra Partnership (CYP) has been contracted by Rail Projects Victoria (RPV) (previously named the Melbourne Metro Rail Authority) to design, build and maintain the stations and tunnels for the Metro Tunnel Project (the Project). The Project includes two nine-kilometre train tunnels, two tunnel portals and five new underground train stations, linking the north west Sunbury rail corridor and the south east Cranbourne / Pakenham rail corridor, unlocking additional capacity in the existing City Loop. The five new underground stations are located at Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North (State Library), CBD South (Town Hall) and Domain (Anzac) and the two new portals are located in South Yarra (Eastern Portal) and Kensington (Western Portal).

The eastern tunnel entrance will enable the Cranbourne / Pakenham line to peel off from the existing rail corridor just south of Toorak Road, and travel via the new Metro Tunnel.

CYP has designed the scope of works within the Eastern Portal to be integrated with the surrounding urban environment. In response to its sensitive surrounds, the Eastern Portal architecture prioritises a minimal above ground footprint in order to maximise the usable public open space within the reserve and reduce the building scale to a size that relates to the adjacent residential buildings along Osborne Street.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal precinct. This Development Plan is a requirement of Clause 4.6 of the Melbourne Metro Rail Project Incorporated Document, which requires Development Plans be prepared for each of the five stations, two portals and any other above ground works or structures that are part of the Project. This Development Plan must be submitted to and approved by the Minister for Planning.

The Project has already undergone an extensive and robust planning assessment process. As part of this, RPV published an Environment Effects Statement (EES) and draft Planning Scheme Amendment that included an integrated assessment of the potential environmental, social, economic and planning impacts of the Project, and the approach to managing these impacts.

In developing the EES, RPV undertook a comprehensive engagement program to seek input from stakeholders and the community. This included stakeholders and the community having the opportunity to provide formal submissions during a public exhibition period, which were then presented to an Inquiry and Advisory Committee. This committee then considered the EES and submissions, and prepared a report for the Minister for Planning.

In December 2016, the Minister for Planning released his Assessment of the environmental effects of the Project. The Minister subsequently approved a Planning Scheme Amendment for the Project, which inserted the Incorporated Document into the Melbourne, Port Phillip, Stonnington and Maribyrnong Planning Schemes.

In accordance with Clause 4.6 of the Incorporated Document, this plan includes:

— Site layout plan (refer to Appendix A)
— Architectural plans and elevations (refer to Appendix B)
— Landscape and public realm plans and elevations (refer to Appendix C)
— An explanation demonstrating how this Development Plan is in accordance with the approved Urban Design Strategy (refer to Section 4.3 and Appendix D)
— An explanation demonstrating how this Development Plan is in accordance with the approved Environmental Management Framework particularly the Environmental Performance Requirements (refer to Section 4.4 and Appendix E).

The CYP design for the Eastern Portal has incorporated feedback from a range of stakeholders including those identified in the Incorporated Document; the Office of the Victorian Government Architect, City of Stonnington, Heritage Victoria, Transport for Victoria, VicRoads, Public Transport Victoria and Melbourne Water.

Additional consultation with community stakeholders has also occurred as part of the preparation of this Eastern Portal Development Plan including during a 15 business day public inspection period from Friday 6 April 2018 until Friday 27 April 2018, allowing for the Anzac Day public holiday. During this time it was available on the Metro Tunnel website along with an opportunity to provide written comments.

This Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works at the Eastern Portal with associated construction works to occur within the Project Land boundary and construction impacts to be managed in accordance with the approved RPV Environmental Management Framework. This includes separately prepared Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plans, Site Environmental Implementation Plans and aspect-specific management plans (as specified in the Environmental Performance Requirements).
1 Introduction

CYP has been contracted by RPV to design, build and maintain the stations and tunnels for the Metro Tunnel Project (the Project). The Project includes two nine-kilometre train tunnels and five new underground train stations, two tunnel portals, linking the north west Sunbury rail corridor and the south east Cranbourne / Pakenham rail corridor, unlocking additional capacity in the existing City Loop. The five new underground stations are located at Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North (State Library), CBD South (Town Hall) and Domain (Anzac). The two tunnel portals are located at Eastern (South Yarra) and Western (Kensington).

The Project has already undergone an extensive and robust planning assessment process. As part of this, RPV published:

— An Environment Effects Statement (EES) that included an integrated assessment of the potential environmental, social, economic and planning impacts of the Project, and the approach to managing these impacts

— A Draft Planning Scheme Amendment (PSA) that detailed changes to the Planning Scheme that were recommended to protect the tunnels, stations and associated infrastructure and guide future development in their vicinity.

In developing these, RPV undertook a comprehensive engagement program to seek input from stakeholders and the community. This included stakeholders and the community having the opportunity to provide formal submissions during a public exhibition period, which were then presented to an Inquiry and Advisory Committee. This committee then considered the EES and submissions, and prepared a report for the Minister for Planning.

In December 2016, the Minister for Planning released his Assessment of the environmental effects of the Project. The Minister subsequently approved a Planning Scheme Amendment for the Project, which inserted the Melbourne Metro Rail Project Incorporated Document into the Melbourne, Port Phillip, Stonnington and Maribyrnong Planning Schemes.

As a condition of the Incorporated Document, a Development Plan must be approved by the Minister for Planning for each of the five stations, two tunnel portals, rail turnback at West Footscray Station and any other above ground works or structures that are part of the Project.

The Project is being procured in a series of staged works packages, with the built form at Eastern Portal having the following work packages:

— Cross Yarra Partnership (CYP) has been contracted to deliver the Tunnels and Stations Public Private Partnership (PPP) works package, including within the Eastern Portal precinct the tunnel boring machine extraction shaft, an ancillary building with emergency access and egress, reinstatement of Osborne Street, and landscaping within the CYP extent of works area surrounding the ancillary building

— The Rail Infrastructure Alliance (RIA) contractor will be responsible for works at the Eastern Portal including cut and cover tunnelling, tunnel decline structures and realignment of existing rail tracks to allow for the new Metro Tunnel tracks as they surface. The RIA contractor is yet to be appointed by RPV.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan only addresses the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works at the Eastern Portal precinct. The scope and extent of the built form of the RIA contractor will be addressed in a separate Development Plan, which is subject to public inspection and comment in accordance with the Incorporated Document.

1.1 Purpose of the Development Plan

This Eastern Portal Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal precinct. In accordance with Clause 4.6.3 of the Incorporated Document, this plan includes:

— Site layout plans

— Architectural, landscape and public realm plans and elevations

— An explanation demonstrating how this Development Plan is in accordance with the relevant sections of the approved Urban Design Strategy and Environmental Management Framework particularly the Environmental Performance Requirements.

1.2 Incorporated Document conditions

The use and development permitted by the Incorporated Document must be undertaken in accordance with the stated conditions, including Clause 4.6 that requires Development Plans be prepared prior to construction. Table 1 provides a response against each requirement of Clause 4.6 for this Development Plan.
Table 1 – Response to conditions of the Incorporated Document

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<th>Clause</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Response</th>
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| 4.6.1  | Subject to Clause 4.12, a Development Plan must be approved by the Minister for Planning for development that relates to each of the following:  
   a) Western tunnel portal  
   b) Eastern tunnel portal  
   c) Arden Station  
   d) Parkville Station  
   e) CBD North Station  
   f) CBD South Station  
   g) Domain Station  
   h) Rail turnback at West Footscray Station  
   i) Any other above ground works or structures that are part of the Project.  
   *Clause 4.12 relates to Project preparatory works and are subject to separate approval requirement. | This Eastern Portal Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works in the Eastern Portal precinct. |
| 4.6.2  | A Development Plan must address surface works that are associated with each of the items listed in Clause 4.6.1. A Development Plan for a station must address underground areas from the station entrance to the ticket gate. | CYP’s surface works within the Eastern Portal are described in Section 3 and the drawings in Appendix A – C. |
| 4.6.3  | A Development Plan must include:  
   a) A site layout plan/s  
   b) Architectural, landscape and public realm plans and elevations including lighting, signage, pedestrian access, bicycle access and other ancillary facilities  
   c) An explanation demonstrating how the Development Plan (including materials and external finishes) is in accordance with the approved Environmental Performance Requirements included within the Environmental Management Framework. | Site layout plans in Appendix A.  
Architectural plans and elevations in Appendix B.  
Landscape and public realm plans and elevations in Appendix C.  
Consistency with Urban Design Strategy in Section 4.3 and Appendix D.  
Consistency with the Environmental Management Framework in Section 4.4 and Appendix E. |
| 4.6.4  | Prior to submission of a Development Plan to the Minister for Planning for approval under Clause 4.6.1, a Development Plan must be:  
   a) Provided to the Office of the Victorian Government Architect and relevant council/s for consultation  
   b) Where relevant, provided to the Roads Corporation, Public Transport Development Authority, Melbourne Water and Heritage Victoria for consultation  
   c) Made available for public inspection and comment on a clearly identifiable Project website for 15 business days. The website must set out details about the entity and contact details to which written comments can be directed during that time and specify the time and manner for the making of written comments. | Stakeholder and community consultation is outlined in Section 1.3. |
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<th>Condition</th>
<th>Response</th>
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<td>4.6.5</td>
<td>A Development Plan submitted to the Minister for Planning for approval under Clause 4.6.1 must be accompanied by all written comments received under Clause 4.6.4 and a summary of consultation and response to issues raised during the consultation.</td>
<td>CYP will provide the Minister for Planning with a comment / response register containing all written comments made by stakeholders and the community in relation to this Eastern Portal Development Plan.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.6.6</td>
<td>Before deciding whether to approve a Development Plan under Clause 4.6.1, the Minister for Planning must consider all written comments received under Clause 4.6.4 and the consultation and response summary provided under Clause 4.6.5.</td>
<td>CYP will not commence works relating to this Development Plan prior to it being approved by the Minister for Planning, except for Early Works which will be undertaken in accordance with Clause 4.9 or Preparatory Works undertaken in accordance with Clause 4.12.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.6.7</td>
<td>A Development Plan must be approved by the Minister for Planning prior to the commencement of any development relating to an item in Clause 4.6.1, except for Early Works that are carried out in accordance with Clause 4.9.</td>
<td>This Development Plan presents the scope and extent of CYP’s works in the Eastern Portal area. In the event that the built form of CYP’s works change, approval to amend this Development Plan will be sought from the Minister for Planning.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.6.8</td>
<td>A Development Plan may be prepared and approved in stages or parts, and may be amended from time to time with the approval of the Minister for Planning. The Minister must require an application for approval of an amendment to a Development Plan to comply with the requirements of Clauses 4.6.3, 4.6.4, 4.6.5 and 4.6.6 unless, in the opinion of the Minister: a) the proposed amendment: i. does not result in a material detriment to any person; or ii. a person who may suffer a material detriment as a result of the Minister’s approval of the amendment has already been sufficiently consulted in respect of the amendment; and b) any amendment does not involve any change to an approved Environmental Performance Requirement.</td>
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<td>4.6.9</td>
<td>For land to which a Development Plan applies, development must be carried out in accordance with an approved Development Plan.</td>
<td>CYP will develop the Eastern Portal in accordance with this Development Plan.</td>
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1.3 Community and stakeholder engagement

The consultation requirements of the Incorporated Document are shown in Figure 2. In addressing these it is important to note that RPV has undertaken a comprehensive engagement program to seek input from stakeholders and the community. As part of preparing the EES, stakeholders and the community had the opportunity to provide formal submissions during a public exhibition period, and these were then presented to an Inquiry and Advisory Committee. This committee then considered the EES and submissions, and prepared a report for the Minister for Planning.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan builds on that previous consultation, with CYP having already consulted with each of the relevant stakeholders identified in the Incorporated Document, being:

— Office of Victorian Government Architect (OVGA)
In accordance with the Incorporated Document requirements, this Eastern Portal Development Plan was made available for public inspection for 15 business days from Friday 6 April 2018 until Friday 27 April 2018, allowing for the Anzac Day public holiday. During this time it was available on the Metro Tunnel website along with an opportunity to provide written comments. As part of this process a notice was published in The Age newspaper to inform the community on Friday 6 April 2018.

In addition to the requirements of the Incorporated Document, CYP also consulted with other key stakeholders to understand their key issues and concerns, including South Yarra residents and businesses.

During the public inspection period CYP held four community information sessions on the tunnel portals, as follows:

- Saturday 14 April 2018 – 11:00am – 1:00pm at Bill Vanina Pavilion, JJ Holland Park, Kensington
- Monday 16 April 2018 – 5:00 – 7:00pm at Botanic Room, Punthill Apartments, South Yarra
- Tuesday 17 April 2018 – 11:00am – 1:00pm at Botanic Room, Punthill Apartments, South Yarra
- Wednesday 18 April 2018 – 5:00 – 7:00pm at Bill Vanina Pavilion, JJ Holland Park, Kensington.

At the community information sessions attendees were invited to ask questions about the two tunnel portal Development Plans and specialist technical staff were available to answer any queries. Attendees were also provided with instructions on how to access the online submission portal and paper submission copies were provided.

Two of the community information sessions were held in the Eastern Portal vicinity at the Punthill Apartments at 11:00am – 1:00pm and 5:00 – 7:00pm on Monday 16 and Tuesday 17 April 2018, respectively.

Metro Tunnel social media accounts also posted links to this Eastern Portal Development Plan and online submission portal, and featured information on the time and locations of the community sessions.

During the public display period, key stakeholders were emailed directly and e-newsletters were sent out to 9,263 subscribers of the Metro Tunnel Project updates, which provided links to the two portal Development Plans on the RPV website. In addition to the community information sessions and emails, a further 5,180 letter drops occurred to addresses adjacent to the Eastern Portal.

Overall, 22 public submissions were received across the two portals and seven of these submissions elected to provide comments on this Eastern Portal Development Plan.

As part of the submission to the Minister for Planning, CYP will provide all written comments received during stakeholder and community consultation, and a summary of consultation and responses to the issues and queries raised.

CYP is committed to ongoing consultation with key stakeholders during detailed design. This includes addressing advice provided by OVGA on the above-ground structure and associated materiality to ensure the delivery of a high-quality response in accordance with the Urban Design Strategy and relevant Environmental Performance Requirements. In addition, ongoing consultation will take place with the RPV appointed RIA contractor to ensure that the ancillary building design integrates seamlessly with the surrounding landscape response. In the event that the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works change during detailed design an amendment to this Development Plan will be prepared and approval sought from the Minister for Planning in accordance with Clause 4.6.8 of the Incorporated Document.
Figure 2 – Development Plan consultation process

1. Prepare draft Development Plan
2. Consult with Office of the Victorian Government Architect and relevant Councils
3. Consult with Transport for Victoria, VicRoads, Public Transport Victoria, Melbourne Water and Heritage Victoria
4. Revise draft Development Plan
5. Public Comment
6. Finalise Development Plan
2 Site context

This section describes how the strategic, physical and natural context of the Eastern Portal has been considered in the design development process. The Eastern Portal is located 4 kilometres south east of Melbourne’s CBD in the suburb of South Yarra and is located within the City of Stonnington municipality.

2.1 Broader context and strategic positioning

The eastern tunnel entrance will enable the Cranbourne / Pakenham line to peel off from the existing rail corridor just south of Toorak Road, and travel via the Metro Tunnel. The increased number of trains travelling on the Frankston and Sandringham lines will improve access to wider Melbourne for South Yarra residents, due to increased capacity on these lines.

The Eastern Portal is within the City of Stonnington municipality in South Yarra and is therefore subject to the Stonnington Planning Scheme, the Forrest Hill Structure Plan and the Chapel reVision Structure Plan 2013–2031.

Post-construction, some of the acquired sites may be available for redevelopment in accordance with the Stonnington Planning Scheme and any relevant Structure Plans.

Any future development of the Eastern Portal is outside CYP scope, with works in the wider public realm to be undertaken by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and subject to a separate Development Plan.

2.2 Historical and natural context

An understanding of the Eastern Portal’s natural features, as referenced in the EES, has informed the design response.

Prior to European settlement, the area was a combination of Creekline Grassy Woodland, Plains Grassy Woodlands and Heathy Woodland Ecological Vegetation Class (EVC).

The Eastern Portal would largely be constructed within the railway reserve, which has been previously subject to significant ground disturbance. In particular, the Osborne Street Reserve has been subject to heavy disturbance in the past due to construction of the adjacent road, rail corridor and urban development. The area has been assessed as having no Aboriginal archaeological potential.

Despite historical construction and demolition activities, intact sub-surface sediments are still present at the South Yarra Siding Reserve. Preliminary results from the Cultural Heritage Management Plan (CHMP) complex testing program identified one previously unknown Aboriginal Place within the South Yarra Siding Reserve, however, this is outside CYP scope and will be addressed in a separate Development Plan. Overall, this precinct was assessed as being of limited archaeological sensitivity.

Heritage buildings of significant historic value in the Eastern Portal include the former South Yarra Railway Station and former South Yarra Post Office (Victorian Heritage Register). Buildings of local significance include 21 William Street Residence, Franklyn House Flats, Chapel Street precinct, Fawkner Street / Davis Avenue precinct and Toorak Road (west of William and Claremont Streets) precinct.

2.3 Existing site conditions

The area surrounding the Eastern Portal is highly urbanised and comprises extensive mixed use development and a diverse range of housing types, from low density detached housing to large residential apartment blocks. The existing Sandringham railway line is bordered by this residential development and the South Yarra Siding Reserve. The area is also adjacent to one of Melbourne’s busiest retail and entertainment precincts, centred on Toorak Road and Chapel Street.

The Eastern Portal ancillary building will be located on the east side of Osborne Street within the Sandringham rail reserve. The street is lined with residential apartments opposite, with some commercial offices and retail premises near the intersection of Toorak Road.

As referenced in the EES, the Eastern Portal precinct contains planted vegetation along Osborne Street including silky oak, river red gums, cootamundra wattle, southern blue gum and narrow-leaf peppermint. The South Yarra Siding Reserve also contains a mix of planted species. Overall, the precinct contains a mix of exotic tree species and mature native trees.
3 Scope of works in Eastern Portal precinct

This Eastern Portal Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal precinct. Figure 3 shows CYP works within the Eastern Portal, which include:

— The portal shaft, above which sits an ancillary building that houses mechanical and electrical systems, emergency equipment, and provides emergency access and egress from the tunnels

— Reinstatement of Osborne Street within the extent of works area as shown in Appendix C

— Removal of four trees, noting 49 trees were previously approved for removal as part of the CYP and Early Works Managing Contractor’s Early Works Plans, meaning a total of 53 trees are identified on the plans presented.

Other works as part of the Eastern Portal, but beyond the CYP scope, will be addressed by a future Development Plan to be prepared by the appointed RIA contractor.

The Eastern Portal associated works area generally includes land west of Chapel Street and south of Toorak Road, which comprises residential development. The associated works area also includes the following reserves:

— Osborne Street Reserve

— South Yarra Siding Reserve.

Associated construction works to occur within the Project Land boundary (refer to plans in Appendix A) and construction impacts will be managed in accordance with the approved Environmental Management Framework (refer to Section 4.4 and Appendix E). This associated works area is shown on the plan included in Appendix A. The construction works will involve rail occupations of the Sandringham railway line.

As considered in the EES, the nature of works within the Eastern Portal associated works area will change over time and will be characterised by the following CYP activities:

— Site establishment: Site establishment at the Eastern Portal includes set-up of site offices, laydown areas, and plant and equipment required for managing construction. Provision for tunnel air ventilation and extraction plant would also be located on site

— Civil / Structural, including:
  — Construction of the ancillary building
  — Retrieval of tunnel boring machines from the east of Osborne Street and the adjoining rail reserve

— Fit out: This phase of the Project includes the fit out of ancillary building infrastructure, surface and subsurface levels, including emergency egress, ventilation and smoke controls, staff rooms and equipment rooms. This stage of the Project also includes the landscaping within the CYP extent of works area

— Testing and commissioning: These works ensure that all new portal infrastructure meets the requirements of Victorian Rail Safety legislation and is fit for purpose

— Operation: The operational phase of the Project will include activities associated with the day to day operation of the ancillary building. CYP will undertake preventative and corrective maintenance of all installed assets to ensure reliability and availability of portal infrastructure for day to day operations.

To manage potential impacts, CYP has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operations Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in a series of specific management plans with precinct specific controls identified in a Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is approved by RPV and the Project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

The RPV appointed RIA contractor will be responsible for remaining works at the Eastern Portal including cut and cover tunnelling, decline structures and realignment of existing lines. In addition, the wider public realm design response, including additional landscaping and tree planting, is outside of CYP scope of works and will be addressed by the appointed RIA contractor. The scope and extent of the built form for the appointed RIA contractor will be addressed in a separate Development Plan, which is subject to public inspection and comment in accordance with the Incorporated Document.

Figure 4 provides the scope and extent of the CYP and RIA contractor built form within the Eastern Portal precinct.
Figure 3 – Scope and extent of built form of CYP’s works at Eastern Portal precinct

Figure 4 – Eastern Portal works by CYP and RIA (RIA work extents to be confirmed)
4 Design response

4.1 Design Development

The Project’s design is being developed through an iterative process informed by phases of specialist technical assessment integrated with stakeholder and community engagement.

In 2016 RPV publicly exhibited the Project concept design in the EES and as a draft Planning Scheme Amendment.

CYP’s design development has been informed by the approved Planning Scheme Amendment, in particular the Incorporated Document conditions that led to the Minister for Planning approving:

— RPV’s Urban Design Strategy – the Project must be designed in accordance with the approved Urban Design Strategy. Developed by RPV with input from the OVGA, local councils and key stakeholders, the Urban Design Strategy sets out the design vision, key directions, objectives and design guidelines across the Project and for each precinct

— RPV’s Environmental Management Framework – the Project must be designed in accordance with the approved Environmental Management Framework, which provides a transparent and integrated governance framework to manage the environmental aspects of the Project. This framework includes Environmental Performance Requirements (EPRs), which are performance-based management requirements, and provides clear accountabilities for the delivery and monitoring of the EPRs so that the environmental effects of the Project are appropriately managed.

This is reflected in the design presented in this Eastern Portal Development Plan.

Detailed design will continue during project delivery, with CYP to prepare approximately 450 Design Packages project wide that relate to specific technical disciplines and geographic areas. In accordance with the project contract, Design Packages are reviewed by RPV and the Independent Reviewer, and subject to specified consultation with relevant stakeholders such as relevant council/s, OVGA, VicRoads, Metro Trains Melbourne and Yarra Trams.

CYP is committed to ongoing consultation with key stakeholders during detailed design. This includes addressing advice provided by OVGA on the above-ground structure and associated materiality to ensure the delivery of a high-quality response in accordance with the UDS and relevant EPRs. In addition, ongoing consultation will take place with the RPV appointed RIA contractor to ensure that the ancillary building design integrates seamlessly with the surrounding landscape response.

In the event that the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works change during detailed design an amendment to this Development Plan will be prepared and approval sought from the Minister for Planning in accordance with Clause 4.6.8 of the Incorporated Document.

The following sections provide explanations of how the design of the Eastern Portal has been developed in accordance with the design guidelines from the Urban Design Strategy and Environmental Performance Requirements from the Environmental Management Framework.

4.2 Design principles for Metro Tunnel

4.2.1 Vision and key directions

The Urban Design Strategy establishes an Urban Design Vision that is:

“A legacy of outstanding rail stations and associated public spaces that put people first, contribute to Melbourne’s reputation for design excellence, and deliver an overall substantial benefit in terms of urban quality for Melbourne, for the transport network, and for local areas influenced by the Project”.

Under this it identifies six key design themes or project-wide directions, being:

— Make new and improved connections
— Make great public places
— Balance line-wide consistency with site responsiveness
— Support integrated site redevelopment
— Design to help manage construction impacts
— Design for the future.

Each of these key directions has objectives with associated design guidelines to inform the design response.
4.2.2 Precinct-specific design issues for the Eastern Portal

The Urban Design Strategy identifies precinct-specific design issues for the Eastern Portal. The future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct, including the landscaping and hardscaping design response, will be developed and addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. Where within CYP scope of works, this Eastern Portal Development Plan has addressed and met the objectives of associated design guidelines to inform the design response.

The ancillary building has been designed to not preclude future development of the surrounding area.

4.3 Consistency with Urban Design Strategy

Key components of the wider Eastern Portal precinct, including South Yarra Siding Reserve, Lovers Walk, and associated landscaping and hardscaping works, will be addressed by the appointed RIA contractor in a separate Development Plan.

This Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works at the Eastern Portal, which include an ancillary building with emergency access and egress, reinstatement of Osborne Street, and landscaping within the CYP extent of works area surrounding the ancillary building.

The design drawings of CYP’s resultant built form for the Eastern Portal are attached as follows:

- Site layout plan (Appendix A)
- Architectural plans and elevations (Appendix B)
- Landscape and public realm plans and elevations (Appendix C).

Additionally, Appendix D has an assessment of the design guidelines in the Urban Design Strategy that includes cross references to where each relevant design guideline is addressed in this Development Plan.

4.3.1 Architectural response

The Eastern Portal is located within the South Yarra railway reserve between Osborne Street and the Sandringham rail corridor, approximately 50 metres south of Toorak Road. The Eastern Portal ancillary building will be located on the east side of Osborne Street within the Sandringham rail reserve. The street is lined with residential properties opposite, with some commercial offices and retail premises near the intersection of Toorak Road. Therefore, the ancillary building has been designed to integrate into the urban fabric of the residential, retail and entertainment precinct of inner south east Melbourne.

The Eastern Portal consists of a shallow cut and cover box approximately 40 metres long and 16 metres wide and is marked by a 17 metres long and 8 metres wide rhomboid shaped building at the ground level. The building form is representative of the minimal above ground building programme and the alignment of the tunnel infrastructure below ground.

Located within the City of Stonnington heritage overlay zone, there are several heritage buildings within close proximity of the Eastern Portal, as shown in Figure 5. Most notable is the former South Yarra Post Office on the corner of Osborne Street and Toorak Road. Osborne Street itself is predominated by single level residential dwellings and two level mid-century apartment buildings.

In response to its sensitive surrounds, the Eastern Portal architecture prioritises a minimal above ground footprint in order to maximise the usable public open space within the reserve and reduce the building scale to a size that relates to the adjacent residential buildings along Osborne Street. A mass study has also been undertaken to inform CYP design and give the ancillary building a residential look and feel. The use of masonry on the facade and metal sheeting on the roof references the materials of surrounding heritage buildings while the expression of the masonry through pattern and texture creates a point of difference.

Steps have been taken to ensure that the architectural design is sensitive to the existing conditions through adherence to requirements such as the Project’s contractual Project Scope and Technical Requirements (PS&TR) and relevant council design standards.

The architectural design of the Eastern Portal will also be integrated with the wider public realm design response which will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor.

The relevant architectural elevation drawings showing works at ground level and at the north south and east west sections are attached in Appendix B:

- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-ARC-MMN-003001-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-ARC-MMN-003201-DP.
4.3.2 Landscape response

The landscaping design response for the built form of the Eastern Portal precinct will be developed and addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan. This includes any tree planting within the Eastern Portal precinct.

CYP has avoided tree removal where possible and this will continue to be a priority throughout detailed design. All tree removal is subject to EPR AR1. This Eastern Portal Development Plan identifies 53 trees for removal, however 49 of these trees have previously been approved for removal as part of the CYP and Early Works Managing Contractor’s Early Works Plans, meaning an additional four trees are required for removal to provide for the scope and extent of CYP’s built form at Eastern Portal.

A number of mature trees will be retained along the western side of Osborne Street and CYP design proposes to reinstate approximately 27 trees surrounding the ancillary building. Future tree reinstatement by both CYP and the appointed RIA contractor will contribute to RPV’s project goal of increasing overall tree canopy coverage and providing landscaped areas within the public realm. In addition, reinstated trees will provide a vegetated screen from parts of the rail corridor and a comfortable micro climate for the community.

Trees surrounding the ancillary building will be planted in several different conditions:

- Directly in garden beds where there will be natural large soil volumes
- Upon hydroseed grass or hydroseed grass with reinforcing atlantis turf cell (or similar).

Details regarding plant species are subject to ongoing investigation and will be decided prior to project completion.

The water sensitive urban design approach will deliver positive visual benefits to the area in terms of landscaping and planting, with garden beds and hydroseeded grass allowing for stormwater infiltration around the ancillary building.

The relevant landscape and public realm drawings listed below are attached in Appendix C:

- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-000002-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002201-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002202-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-003201-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-003202-DP.

4.3.3 Public realm response

The Eastern Portal public realm design response will provide an ancillary building which serves a number of core functions in the safe operation of the Project. The Eastern Portal precinct contains housing, public open space, and the existing Sandringham rail reserve. Due to the proximity of the South Yarra Siding Reserve, the Osborne Street Reserve and several heritage buildings to the ancillary building, the design seeks to reduce impacts on existing land use and the public realm. The majority of permanent works will be undertaken within the existing rail reserve, however the occupation of South Yarra Siding Reserve, Osborne Street Reserve and Lovers Walk will result in a temporary loss of public open space.

It is noted that the South Yarra Siding Reserve and Lovers Walk are outside of CYP scope of works. Active transport links will also likely be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. RIA works will be subject to a separate Development Plan. Elements of the RIA design will interface with the CYP design, to be confirmed in the detailed design process.

The ancillary building has been designed to not preclude future development of the wider Eastern Portal precinct in accordance with the Stonnington Planning Scheme and relevant Structure Plans. Future treatment of the broader Eastern Portal precinct, including the South Yarra Siding Reserve and Lovers Walk, will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor.

CYP will provide a landscaping design response within the CYP extent of works area surrounding the ancillary building. As well as reinstatement of trees, CYP design will reintstate seating and bins in close proximity to the ancillary building. A loading area for railway operations and emergency vehicles will be provided adjacent to the ancillary building on Osborne Street. A parking bay has also been provided and an asphalt footpath will allow access to the building.

CYP design has been amended to relocate the parking bay directly adjacent to the ancillary building to provide better consolidation of the Eastern Portal built form and facilitate landscape continuity. In addition, orientation of mechanical plant has been revised for an improved Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) outcome (refer to Section 4.3.9).

During construction works, vehicular traffic in Osborne Street will be reduced to one lane. Access restrictions experienced by residents will be minor and managed under typical traffic control arrangements. Any restrictions will only apply for short durations to allow construction plant to turn into or out of the CYP site. CYP will reinstate Osborne Street within the extent of works area as shown in Appendix C. The traffic island on Osborne Street will be reinstated by CYP post construction, which includes the removal and replacement of an existing tree.
The relevant landscape and public realm drawings listed below are attached in Appendix C:

- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-000002-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002201-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002202-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-003201-DP
- TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-003202-DP.

### 4.3.4 User experience and surrounding environment

The user experience is determined by the functional requirements of the ancillary building and emergency access and egress including:

- A loading area, located adjacent the ancillary building on Osborne Street, which will be able to be utilised by emergency vehicles
- A set of outward doors providing safe egress from the ancillary building and tunnel below in the event of an emergency
- The emergency egress at this location will meet universal access requirements, in accordance with the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (which includes the Disability Standards for Accessible Public Transport Amendment 2010).

The internal design layout of the ancillary building will incorporate emergency evacuation procedures to ensure safe and efficient access and egress. An emergency evacuation plan will be developed during the operational phase of the Project.

CYP will maintain the character of the Eastern Portal precinct, as the ancillary building will integrate into the surrounding urban environment, which will remain as a mix of residential and commercial uses. For example, a mass study has been undertaken to inform CYP design and give the ancillary building a residential look and feel.

CYP is not undertaking any works on South Yarra Station. However, the proposed design does not preclude an upgrade to South Yarra Station in the future.

The hardscaping design response for the future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan.

In addition, the wider landscaping and public realm design response for the future built form of the Eastern Portal precinct, including works to improve the Osborne Street Reserve to better reflect community needs, will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. Infrastructure proposed by the RIA contractor, for example a new pedestrian bridge providing access from the South Yarra Siding Reserve from Osborne Street, is subject to a separate Development Plan.

### 4.3.5 Lighting

Street and pathway lighting along Osborne Street will come from pole-mounted lights, at a scale and form to suit the purpose and local context. Lighting for the broader future built form of the Eastern Portal precinct will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan. Existing lighting and amenity of South Yarra Station is not proposed to change.

### 4.3.6 Signage

Signage for the broader Eastern Portal precinct is outside the scope of this Eastern Portal Development Plan for CYP’s works and will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. Any signage required for the ancillary building would be in accordance with PTV, VicRoads and City of Stonnington standards and guidelines.

### 4.3.7 Ancillary features

Ventilation structures and mechanical plant have been consolidated and strategically placed adjacent to the Eastern Portal ancillary building in the Osborne Street Reserve. In order to avoid being visibly obtrusive in the public realm, mechanical plant will be surrounded by a ventilated screen profile.

In addition, the footprint of the ancillary building and its features has been reduced through incorporating as much infrastructure underground as possible.

### 4.3.8 Materials and finishes

A schedule of indicative materials and finishes has been prepared to highlight the intended colour tones and textures of the Eastern Portal.
Materials and finishes have been carefully selected as part of the portal’s design to reflect the surrounding urban environment and tie into the City of Stonnington public realm. The use of masonry on the facade and metal sheeting on the roof references the materials of surrounding heritage buildings while the expression of the masonry through pattern and texture creates a point of difference.

The indicative materials and finishes will be selected in consultation with the City of Stonnington and OVGA and will comply with the City of Stonnington Design Standards as per the PS&TR.

Figure 6 provides indicative materials and finishes for the Eastern Portal. A copy of the materials schedule is provided in Appendix B, refer to schedule:

— TAS-CYP-EP-00-SCH-ARC-MMN-000006-DP.
Figure 5 – Schematic showing Eastern Portal precinct heritage context
Figure 6 – Materials and finishes at the Eastern Portal
4.3.9 Crime prevention through environmental design

Natural access control and passive surveillance, in addition to territorial reinforcement, make up the three basic strategies of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED).

The design concept of access control is directed primarily at decreasing criminal accessibility. Natural access control restricts criminal intrusion, in particular into areas where they are not easily observed. This is achieved by limiting access and increasing natural surveillance. Design initiatives integrated into the Eastern Portal which aim to accomplish this include the use of fences, walls, footpaths, landscaping and lighting to:

— Restrict public access to, or from, the ancillary building (except in the case of maintenance works or emergency access / egress)

— Enable intruders to be more easily recognised.

Natural, or passive surveillance, is a design concept that aims to keep potential offenders and intruders under observation through the creation of environments where there is sufficient opportunity for people engaged in their normal behaviour to observe the space around them. This is sometimes also referred to as "eyes on the street". Design features of the Eastern Portal which have been employed to increase natural and passive surveillance include:

— Plantings surrounding the ancillary building have been selected to maximise visibility via high-canopy trees.

Territorial reinforcement, the third basis of CPTED, focuses on the delineation of private space from semi-public and public spaces, creating a sense of ownership. This in turn identifies intruders, making them less likely to offend. Simple design measures have been employed at Eastern Portal to reduce the potential for anti-social behaviour including:

— Reinforcing existing natural surveillance and natural access control strategies

— Providing a ventilated screen profile to restrict access to mechanical plant

— Installing a black coated arc cyclone security fence on the south side of the ancillary building to interface with an existing fence and define and outline ownership of space.

CYP has also amended the Eastern Portal design for an improved CPTED outcome. The orientation of mechanical plant has been shifted to remove the northern pocket of land along the rail siding, created by the angle with the ancillary building. The revised orientation of mechanical plant provides better continuation of public open space along Osborne Street, as well as improved amenity for the community.
4.4 Consistency with Environmental Management Framework

The Environmental Management Framework provides a transparent and integrated governance framework to manage the environmental aspects of the entire Project. A summary of the framework is provided in Table 2.

Table 2 – Summary of RPV Environmental Management Framework

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Summary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contract structure</td>
<td>Outlines the RPV procurement strategy that includes different delivery packages including an Early Works Managing Contractor, Rail Infrastructure Alliance, Rail Systems Alliance and Tunnels &amp; Stations Public Private Partnership (CYP).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roles and responsibilities</td>
<td>Defines roles and responsibilities for the Minister for Planning, regulators and agencies, RPV, PTV, project contractors (for the delivery packages above), Independent Reviewer and Independent Environmental Auditor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluating environmental performance</td>
<td>Provides requirements for project contractors in relation to monitoring, reporting and auditing environmental performance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Performance Requirements (EPRs)</td>
<td>EPRs are performance-based requirements that define the project-wide environmental outcomes that must be achieved during design, construction and operation of the Project. This performance-based approach allows for a delivery model with sufficient flexibility to encourage innovation by the project contractors to determine how any approved EPR would be achieved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Impact Management Guidelines</td>
<td>Appended to the framework, the guidelines provide direction to the project contractors on how to address residual impacts on residential amenity so far as is reasonably practicable and appropriate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Support Guidelines for Construction</td>
<td>Appended to the framework, the guidelines provide a framework for project contractors to address residual impacts on businesses so far as reasonably practicable and appropriate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Environmental Management Framework rightly extends well beyond just the application to this Development Plan, which presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works in the Eastern Portal. This includes:

— Construction impacts – will be addressed by CYP’s Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan, Site Environment Implementation Plans, Early Works Management Plan and aspect-specific management plans (as specified in the Incorporated Document and EPRs). This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and review by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction

— Operational impacts – will be addressed by CYP’s Environmental Management System and Operations Environmental Management Plan. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and review by the Independent Environmental Auditor

— Geographically-specific – location specific requirements that are not in the Eastern Portal will be addressed in the relevant precinct Development Plan

— Specific to another project contractor – compliance by other project contractors (e.g. Early Works Managing Contractor) will be addressed in the relevant environmental management documentation of that project contractor.

An assessment of each EPR is provided in Appendix E. This assessment identified key EPRs relevant to this Development Plan and these are presented below.
4.4.1 Aquatic ecology and river health

Table 3 provides the CYP design response to the relevant aquatic ecology and river health EPRs.

Table 3 – Design response to relevant aquatic ecology and river health EPRs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR AE1: Stormwater treatment</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with Melbourne Water and City of Stonnington. The Prahran Main Drain and Yarra Street Outfall Drain systems service the area in the immediate vicinity of the Eastern Portal and discharge to the Yarra River in the vicinity of the rail crossing to the north of South Yarra station. The integration of the stormwater treatment system into the future built form and public realm of the Eastern Portal precinct is outside CYP scope and will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. RIA design and compliance with State Environment Protection Policy (SEPP) (Waters of Victoria) will be subject to a separate Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR AE7: Stormwater treatment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.4.2 Arboriculture

Table 4 provides the CYP design response to the relevant arboriculture EPRs.

Table 4 – Design response to relevant arboriculture EPRs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR AR1: Maximise tree retention</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with City of Stonnington. CYP removal of trees has been avoided, where possible, which will remain a priority throughout detailed design. This has been achieved through prioritising a minimal above ground footprint of the ancillary building and retaining a number of mature trees along the western side of Osborne Street. This Eastern Portal Development Plan identifies 53 trees for removal, however 49 of these trees have previously been approved for removal as part of the CYP and Early Works Managing Contractor’s Early Works Plans, meaning an additional four trees are required for removal to provide for the scope and extent of CYP’s built form at Eastern Portal. At present, it is not possible to confirm the number of trees being removed in comparison with the approved total in the EES, as the RPV appointed RIA contractor has not commenced design development as part of their scope. The retained and removed trees are shown on the landscape plans in Appendix C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR AR2: Tree soil and water supply</td>
<td>At the Eastern Portal, trees surrounding the ancillary building will be planted in several different conditions: — Directly in garden beds where there will be large soil volumes — Upon hydroseed grass or hydroseed grass with reinforcing atlantis turf cell (or similar). Details regarding plant species are subject to ongoing investigation and will be decided prior to project completion. CYP will work with a specialist soil scientist to develop a high-performance soil specification and profile that balances the optimal soil requirements for storm water drainage, as well as for long term tree growth. The landscaping design response for the future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan. Tree planting and water sensitive urban design within CYP’s extent of works are shown on the landscape and public realm plans in Appendix C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR AR3: Tree replacement</td>
<td>The design for the Eastern Portal includes reinstating a number of trees within CYP’s extent of works area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CYP design proposes to reinstate approximately 27 trees surrounding the ancillary building. A tree replacement program will be developed in further consultation with City of Stonnington which will ensure that tree replacement is carried out in alignment with council strategies. The landscaping design response for the future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan. Future tree reinstatement by both CYP and the appointed RIA contractor will contribute to RPV’s project goal of increasing overall tree canopy coverage and providing landscaped areas within the public realm. Trees which are proposed to be reinstated through CYP design are shown on the landscape plans in Appendix C.

**4.4.3 Historical cultural heritage**

Table 5 provides the CYP design response to the relevant historical cultural heritage EPRs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR CH1: Minimise heritage impact</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with Heritage Victoria and City of Stonnington. This has resulted in cultural heritage informing the CYP design response. Located within the City of Stonnington heritage overlay zone, there are several heritage buildings within close proximity of the ancillary building. Within the CYP extent of works area, historical cultural heritage impacts will occur at Osborne Street Reserve as a result of construction of the ventilation shaft and Tunnel Boring Machine (TBM) retrieval. CYP design has incorporated masonry on the facade and metal sheeting on the roof of the ancillary building in order to reference the materials of surrounding heritage buildings. In addition, the expression of the masonry through pattern and texture creates a point of difference. The former South Yarra Post Office (VHR H210), which has a modern extension to the rear, and the former South Yarra Station (VHR H1068) are listed on the Victorian Heritage Register. CYP works will not impact on these buildings and their heritage significance, and view lines to the buildings along Toorak Road, will be protected. The public realm is discussed in Section 4.3.3 and shown on the landscape and public realm plans in Appendix C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR CH10: Response to heritage places</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR CH23: Heritage street fabric</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**4.4.4 Land use and planning**

Table 6 provides the CYP design response to the relevant land use and planning EPRs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR LU1: Minimise impact on existing land use</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with the City of Stonnington. The Eastern Portal is a highly urbanised area within South Yarra which contains housing, public open space, and the existing Sandringham rail reserve. Therefore, CYP design has sought to minimise impacts on existing land use, where possible. The majority of works will be located within the existing rail corridor and surrounding public open space. In response to its sensitive surrounds, the portal architecture prioritises a minimal above ground footprint in order to maximise the usable public open space within the reserve and reduce the building scale to a size that relates to the adjacent residential buildings along Osborne Street. CYP design will not preclude opportunities for the appointed RIA contractor to address public open space design considerations in accordance with the Stonnington Planning Scheme and relevant Structure Plans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Design response

The extent of CYP’s works in the public realm, as shown on the landscape and public realm drawings, is included in Appendix C.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR LU2: Master plans</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with City of Stonnington. CYP design is in accordance with the Urban Design Strategy and the Stonnington Planning Scheme. The future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct, in accordance with relevant Master Plans and Structure Plans, will be addressed by the RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR LU4: Urban Design Strategy</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with Urban Design and Architectural Advice Panel (UDAAP). The future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct will be developed and addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. Where within CYP scope of works, this Eastern Portal Development Plan has addressed and met the objectives of associated design guidelines to inform the design response. A detailed assessment of consistency with the Urban Design Strategy is provided in Appendix D and Section 4.3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 4.4.5 Landscape and visual

Table 7 provides the CYP design response to the relevant landscape and visual EPRs.

Table 7 – Design response to relevant landscape and visual EPRs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR LV1: Reduce visual impact</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with the Office of the Victorian Government Architect and City of Stonnington. The Eastern Portal design has given consideration to visual impact on the surrounding residences and heritage buildings within close proximity. CYP works will not impact on prominent heritage buildings, including the former South Yarra Post Office and former South Yarra Station, and view lines to the buildings along Toorak Road will be protected. In response to its sensitive surrounds, the portal architecture prioritises a minimal above ground footprint in order to reduce the building scale to a size that is not visually overwhelming the scale of adjacent residential buildings along Osborne Street. The construction works will also be viewed in the context of an existing modified setting, with the immediate background of the construction activities, for example, from Toorak Road to the south along Osborne Street, defined by an existing railway corridor landscape. It is anticipated that as the replacement landscape establishes, the visual impacts across the precinct would be progressively reduced. Specific sensitive receptors in the Eastern Portal precinct are residences on Osborne and William Streets adjacent to the portal, users of South Yarra Siding Reserve and retail activities in Toorak Road. During construction, mitigation measures such as hoardings and retaining walls will be used by CYP. CYP design will not preclude opportunities for the appointed RIA contractor to address public open space design considerations in accordance with the Stonnington Planning Scheme and relevant Structure Plans. The extent of CYP’s works in the public realm, as shown on the landscape and public realm drawings, is included in Appendix C.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.4.6 Social and community

Table 8 provides the CYP design response to the relevant social and community EPR.

Table 8 – Design response to relevant social and community EPR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR SC8: Re-establish public open space</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with City of Stonnington. The Metro Tunnel will impact on public open space including the Osborne Street Reserve, South Yarra Siding Reserve and Lovers Walk. CYP design proposes to landscape and reinstate trees in the public realm in the area surrounding the ancillary building in the Osborne Street Reserve. CYP design will not preclude opportunities for the appointed RIA contractor to address public open space design considerations in accordance with the Stonnington Planning Scheme and relevant Structure Plans. CYP's landscape and public realm plans are shown in Appendix C.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4.4.7 Surface water

Table 9 provides the CYP design response to the relevant surface water EPRs.

Table 9 – Design response to relevant surface water EPRs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPR SW1: Flood design</td>
<td>The design of the Eastern Portal is being developed in consultation with Melbourne Water and City of Stonnington. The Prahran Main Drain and Yarra Street Outfall Drain systems service the areas in the immediate vicinity of the Eastern Portal. The portal site is close to areas associated with flooding from these systems that are covered by a Special Building Overlay and Land Subject to Inundation Overlay in the Stonnington Planning Scheme. The adoption of a water sensitive urban design in the CYP extent of works area will help to manage local stormwater around the ancillary building. As well as delivering visual benefits, landscaping and planting within garden beds and hydrosed grass will allow for stormwater infiltration and passive irrigation. The landscaping design response for the future built form of the wider Eastern Portal precinct will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor and is subject to a separate Development Plan. A detailed assessment of consistency with the Urban Design Strategy is provided in Appendix D and Section 4.3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPR SW2: Water sensitive urban design</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.4.8 Transport

Table 10 provides the CYP design response to the relevant transport EPRs.

**Table 10 – Design response to relevant transport EPRs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EPR</th>
<th>Design response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **EPR T7:** Operational road transport | The design of the Eastern Portal road network is being developed in consultation with VicRoads, Transport for Victoria, Public Transport Victoria and City of Stonnington.  
CYP will reinstate Osborne Street within the extent of works area as shown in Appendix C.  
While CYP design will remove 3-4 informal car parking spaces on Osborne Street, the needs of service and emergency vehicle access have been taken into consideration through the provision of a loading bay, strategically located adjacent to the ancillary building.  
The traffic island on Osborne Street will be reinstated by CYP post construction, which includes the removal and replacement of an existing tree.  
During construction works, vehicular traffic in Osborne Street will be reduced to one lane. Access restrictions experienced by residents will be minor and managed under typical traffic control arrangements. Any restrictions will only apply for short durations to allow construction plant to turn into or out of the CYP site.  
Broader transport requirements as contained within the Eastern Portal precinct, including any potentially affected local roads and car parking, will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor as part of a separate Development Plan. |
| **EPR T8:** Operational public transport | The design of the Eastern Portal road network is being developed in consultation with VicRoads, Transport for Victoria, Public Transport Victoria and City of Stonnington.  
No bus services traverse the Eastern Portal precinct, however, trams run along Toorak Road and Chapel Street and South Yarra Station is on the northern precinct boundary. These are not anticipated to be affected by the CYP works. |
| **EPR T9:** Operational active transport | The design of the Eastern Portal road network is being developed in consultation with VicRoads, Transport for Victoria, Public Transport Victoria and City of Stonnington.  
There are no planned permanent changes to the existing pedestrian or bicycle networks in the vicinity of the Eastern Portal precinct as part of the CYP scope.  
The future wider Eastern Portal precinct hardscaping design is outside CYP scope and will be addressed by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. These works will be subject to a separate Development Plan. |
| **EPR T10:** Waste collection | The design of the Eastern Portal road network is being developed in consultation with VicRoads, Transport for Victoria, Public Transport Victoria and City of Stonnington.  
A loading area has been strategically located adjacent to the ancillary building within dedicated road space on Osborne Street to ensure that it does not conflict with pedestrian movement and to provide convenient service access. This loading bay may also be utilised by waste collection services in the future.  
The implementation of a waste collection plan in the Eastern Portal precinct will be addressed during the detailed design phase of the Project by the RPV appointed RIA contractor. Ongoing consultation between CYP and the RPV appointed RIA contractor will take place to ensure an integrated design response. |
5 Conclusion

This Eastern Portal Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works at the Eastern Portal precinct. In accordance with Clause 4.6 of the Incorporated Document, this plan includes:

— Site layout plan (refer to Appendix A)
— Architectural plans and elevations (refer to Appendix B)
— Landscape and public realm plans and elevations (refer to Appendix C)
— An explanation demonstrating how this Development Plan is in accordance with the relevant sections of the approved Urban Design Strategy (refer to Section 4.3 and Appendix D)
— An explanation demonstrating how this Development Plan is in accordance with the relevant sections of the approved Environmental Management Framework particularly the Environmental Performance Requirements (refer to Section 4.4 and Appendix E).

RPV’s Urban Design Strategy established the following Urban Design Vision for the Project:

“A legacy of outstanding rail stations and associated public spaces that put people first, contribute to Melbourne’s reputation for design excellence, and deliver an overall substantial benefit in terms of urban quality for Melbourne, for the transport network, and for local areas influenced by the Project.”

The eastern tunnel entrance will enable the Cranbourne / Pakenham line to peel off from the existing rail corridor just south of Toorak Road, and travel via the Metro Tunnel.


Additional consultation with community stakeholders has also occurred as part of the preparation of this Eastern Portal Development Plan including during a 15 business day public inspection period from Friday 6 April 2018 until Friday 27 April 2018, allowing for the Anzac Day public holiday. During this time it was available on the Metro Tunnel website along with an opportunity to provide written comments.

This Development Plan presents the scope and extent of the built form of CYP’s works in the Eastern Portal with associated construction works to occur within the Project Land boundary and construction impacts to be managed in accordance with the approved Environmental Management Framework. This includes separately prepared Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan, Site Environmental Implementation Plans and aspect-specific management plans (as specified in the Environmental Performance Requirements).
## Appendix A: Eastern Portal Site Layout Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Key Plan and Legend</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-000002-DP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Layout Plan</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002201-DP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associated Works Area</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EPZ-ZWD-DRG-XLP-NAP-X0001</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note:
Construction works proposed within the rail corridor under pedestrian bridge.
Appendix B: Eastern Portal Architectural Plans and Elevations

Ground Floor Plan: TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-ARC-MMN-003001-DP
North South and East West Sections: TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-ARC-MMN-003201-DP
# Appendix C: Eastern Portal Landscape and Public Realm Plans and Elevations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Key Plan and Legend</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-000002-DP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Plan – Sheet 01 of 02</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002201-DP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Plan – Sheet 02 of 02</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-002202-DP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Elevation Looking East and West</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-003201-DP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Section Looking South</td>
<td>TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-AUD-MMN-003202-DP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTES:
EXISTING TREES TO BE REMOVED AND RETAINED ARE CURRENT AS AT 03.04.2018 AND SUBJECT TO FURTHER DETAILED DESIGN THAT MAY RESULT IN FURTHER CHANGE. CROSS YARRA PARTNERSHIP IS COMMITTED TO PROTECTING AS MANY TREES AS POSSIBLE. THIS WILL REMAIN A PRIORITY THROUGHOUT DETAILED DESIGN.
LOCATION OF STREET FURNITURE SUBJECT TO DETAILED DESIGN.
EXISTING PORTALS DEVELOPMENT PLAN PUBLIC REALM ENSURE CONSISTENCY WITH CORRESPONDING ARCHITECTURE PACKAGE.

ARCHITECTURAL
METRO TUNNEL
EASTERN PORTAL
LEGEND AND KEY PLAN

DEVELOPMENT PLAN
SUBMISSION
EXISTING SURFACE LEVEL

EXISTING EMBANKMENT

METRO TUNNEL

EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN (SUBJECT TO ASSESSMENT)

PROPOSED TREE BINS

PROPOSED FENCE

PROPOSED SEAT

DEVELOPMENT PLAN SUBMISSION

CERTIFIED BY:

DRAWN BY

DESIGNED BY

CHECKED BY

IND. REVIEW

APPROVED

Rev. Date

Sheet Size

Scale

File Name

Project Drawing Number

Sheet No.

ELEVATIONS

METRO TUNNEL

EASTERN PORTAL

TAS-CYP-EP-00-DRG-SA-MMN-000301-DP

1:100

14/05/2018 2:43:57 PM

1 ELEVATION 1 LOOKING EAST

TREES SHOWN IN ELEVATION ARE INDICATIVE ONLY OF MATUHEIGTHS. SPECIES ARE SUBJECT TO FURTHER DESIGN DEVELOPMENT AND CONSULTATION WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS.

2 ELEVATION 2 LOOKING WEST
TREES SHOWN IN ELEVATION ARE INDICATIVE ONLY OF MATURE HEIGHTS. SPECIES ARE SUBJECT TO FURTHER DESIGN DEVELOPMENT AND CONSULTATION WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS.
Appendix D: Eastern Portal Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment
## Make new and improved connections

### 3.1.c.1. Station precinct environments must support safe and predictable movements that are prioritised along the following transport hierarchy:
- active transport - pedestrian and cycling, including people entering the station as well as passing the station entrances
- sustainable transport - train, tram, bus and coach
- emergency and short term vehicles - emergency vehicles, service vehicles, commercial / private transport, taxi ranks, kiss-and-ride
- private transport - disabled-access car parking, staff and maintenance car parking, park and ride car parking.

The Eastern Portal Development Plan addresses the tunnel portal and does not address the station precincts. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

### 3.1.c.2. Provide for integration of all transport modes in line with the modal hierarchy above:
- locate, orient and design station entries to connect via public routes into the wider pedestrian network.
- ensure clear visual and physical connections to nearby bus, tram and taxi stops and kiss-and-ride facilities.
- maximise bicycle parking facilities associated with stations where it will expand access to Metro services by connecting to major cycling routes and key catchments, in particular at Arden, Parkville and Domain stations.

The Eastern Portal does not have defined transport modal hierarchy compared with the station precincts and therefore assessment against this design guideline is not included as part of the Eastern Portal Development Plan. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

### 3.1.c.3. Minimise conflicts between transport modes and intersecting routes of travel:
- design station entries with adequate space for people to transition from stairs, escalators and lifts to travel routes along the ground surface so that congestion in surrounding thoroughfares is minimised and appropriately managed.
- define pathways and promote awareness of crossing transport modes, e.g. using changes in surface treatments and other visual cues.
- ensure that aboveground station infrastructure does not create unnecessary barriers or obstructions to pedestrian or cycle flows in the streets.
- integrate balustrades and other required barriers and safety devices into the overall precinct design.

Pedestrian access surrounding the Eastern Portal is addressed in Section 4.3.4 of this Development Plan.

### 3.1.c.4. Support ease of wayfinding
- create well-structured paths and clear sightlines so that wayfinding is intuitive and reliance on directional signage is minimised.
- orient stations entries onto public streets where possible. Ensure that paths of travel to and from station entries that are not directly connected to main streets are easy to find and follow, and are clearly identifiable as being accessible to the general public.
- design stations to capitalise on view lines to existing local landmarks and spaces that will assist with orientation.
- create new visual markers and treatments that will assist with orientation and recognition of specific locations.
- provide clear, consistent and easy-to-follow directional signage, responding to the particular local requirements and nearby destinations.
- establish appropriate links between directional signage provided as part of Melbourne Metro and directional signage used in surrounding precincts.

Wayfinding signage is not required for the Eastern Portal as it is not a station precinct. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.
### 3.1.c.5.
Create and improve strategic walking and cycling routes that connect the stations into surrounding areas.
- Create opportunities for public pedestrian links through non-ticketed areas of station buildings to provide safe crossings of major streets.
- Create convenient and safe alignments of footpaths and walking routes that facilitate access to the stations and to the other destinations in the precinct.
- Consider the needs of future growth, long-term development patterns, and changes to demand.
- Provide generous path widths, safe and accessible slopes and cross-falls, and the placement of features to maintain clear circulation space, with priority generally given to circulation areas along the building line.
- Design of crossings and Shared Zones (where pedestrians, cyclists and motorised traffic share the same road space) to ensure safety and prioritisation according to the modal hierarchy.
- Provide bike paths, shared paths and on-street bike lanes, with widths and treatments that maximise safety and allow for future growth in demand.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan addresses the tunnel portal and does not address the station precincts. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

### 3.1.c.6.
Provide universal access throughout public spaces and stations, with intuitive paths of travel for people with visual impairments, accessible grades along paths, and appropriate use of ramps, kerb ramps, and tactile paving.

Universal access to the Eastern Portal, including DDA compliance, is presented in Section 4.3.4 of the Development Plan.

### 3.1.c.7.
Provide for vehicular traffic lanes as appropriate, with consideration of lane widths, kerb radii at corners and intersections to suit swept paths, and appropriate levels, slopes and cross-falls.

Vehicular traffic lanes at the Eastern Portal are presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.

### 3.1.c.8.
Provide for vehicle parking, as appropriate, with consideration of locations and arrangements, management systems (ticket machines etc.) and motorcycle parking.

Vehicle parking for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.

### 3.2 Make great public places

#### 3.2.c.1.
Ensure that all aspects of the design are of a high quality in concept, resolution and execution. Designs must be:
- Fit for purpose
- Responsive to all users’ needs
- Responsive to the site and associated cultural values
- Sustainable.

The public realm design philosophy for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.

#### 3.2.c.2.
Design spaces to be activated by public use:
- Provide seating and other infrastructure to encourage people to inhabit the space.
- Support the programming of spaces for a range of event scales and type.
- Accommodate opportunities for street trading activities as consistent with local authority policies and guidelines.
- Locate, design and manage activities in underground stations, including business opportunities, to contribute to activation of the wider precinct.
- Support appropriate uses of public streets and spaces to support social and recreational needs of the precinct.

The public realm for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.

#### 3.2.c.3.
Provide safe environments that promote safe behaviour and the feeling of safety:
- Design spaces with consideration of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design principles.
- Support complementary mixes of activities, activation and passive surveillance that contribute to other users’ interest and safety.
- Maximise visual connectivity between spaces to enable passive surveillance, and arrange uses to maximise passive surveillance.
- Design and manage entries to underground stations and pedestrian subways to ensure safe conditions in surrounding spaces and approach routes, including when the stations are closed.

Crime prevention through environmental design is presented in Section 4.3.9 of the Development Plan for the Eastern Portal.
### 3.2.c.4. Respect heritage and respond to local cultural and indigenous heritage issues:
- retain and protect significant heritage elements including spaces, views, vegetation, natural and designed landforms and built fabric.
- design new works to complement heritage elements.
- integrative interpretive elements into designs to reflect local cultural and indigenous heritage where appropriate.

The Eastern Portal response to the local culture and heritage is presented in Section 4.4.3 of the Development Plan.

### 3.2.c.5. Make provision for stormwater drainage and management:
- incorporate pollution control measures to protect water quality.
- integrate the provision of pits, covers and grates and discharges into drains with other aspects of the design.
- incorporate stormwater capture and reuse as appropriate.
- incorporate drainage swales, bio-filtration beds and soil drainage as appropriate.
- respond to existing and future local flood levels and overland flow paths.

Stormwater drainage and management for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.4.7 of the Development Plan.

### 3.2.c.6. Select and design paving and surface finishes to be fit for purpose, durable and sustainable and easy to maintain, and to enhance the character and use of the space.

Materials and finishes for the Eastern Portal are presented in Section 4.3.8 of the Development Plan.

### 3.2.c.7. Integrate street and park furniture into the overall design of public spaces as appropriate to support their use and to provide for the comfort, convenience and safety of patrons and users.

The public realm for the Eastern Portal, including street furniture is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.

### 3.2.c.8. Provide lighting for amenity, wayfinding, visual comfort, road safety and personal security:
- provide a high quality of illumination with respect to supporting people’s perception at night, including minimisation of flare and the use of white light to improve colour rendition and people’s ability to recognise detail.
- contribute positively to and integrate with the character of the area.
- incorporate feature lighting as appropriate to express the hierarchy and functionality of spaces.
- minimise light spill to adjacent sensitive land uses.
- use responsible management systems, efficient technology and other forms of best practice energy conservation.
- reinstate existing CCTV infrastructure where affected by the project.

A lighting strategy for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.3.5 of the Development Plan. Additionally, street furniture and public seating are presented in Section 4.3.3.

### 3.2.c.9. Provide access to public amenities including public toilets

Public toilets are not proposed as part of the scope and extent of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal as it is not a station precinct. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

### 3.2.c.10. Provide access to public transport facilities including passenger shelters, other forms of weather protection, ticket sales and validation machines etc.

Public transport facilities are not proposed as part of the scope and extent of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal. The surrounding South Yarra Station features station amenities, however the Eastern Portal is not a station precinct. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

### 3.2.c.11. Incorporate public art in appropriate places
- integrate site responsive art into the project design where appropriate.
- design the settings of existing artworks, memorials and monuments to be retained to respect the works’ cultural values and formal design qualities.
- integrate site responsive art into the project design (e.g. facilitating playful interaction and seating opportunities) and located to optimise the legibility of the surrounding area.

Public art is not proposed as part of the scope and extent of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal as it is not a station precinct. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.
## Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

### 3.2.c.12. Provide signage in accordance with PTV, VicRoads, land manager and authority standards and guidelines, including:
- traffic and parking management signs
- street signs, place / building name signage, and address numbers.
- pedestrian direction signs and tourist information.
- interpretive signage and commemorative plaques.
- temporary or events signage.

Signage, where required, will be in accordance with PTV, VicRoads, land manager and authority standards and guidelines. CYP’s works within the Eastern Portal do not propose signage installation, as it is not a station precinct. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

### 3.2.c.13. Integrate any advertising with public infrastructure and energy that they complement the character, functionality and amenity of the precinct:
- advertising must not detract from directional or wayfinding signs.
- advertising must not dominate the public realm or detract from the architectural design intent of the stations.
- advertising must be minimised within heritage areas.
- advertising should be minimised at locations that are prominent in views from significant heritage sites and public parks.
- advertising must be in accordance with local government, VicRoads and PTV guidelines.
- advertising must not conflict with existing contractual relationships relating to the sites or elements on them e.g. for the supply and maintenance of tram passenger shelters with advertising panels.

Advertising is not considered relevant for the submission of this Development Plan. Within the Incorporated Document, under Clause 4.6.3, a Development Plan must include references to signage, however advertising is not specified. Signage is outlined in UDS guideline response 3.2.c.12.

### 3.2.c.14. Incorporate planting as an integral part of site designs:
- provide shade and shelter, screening, ornament and define a sense of a place that relates to each site and its landscape context.
- create good soil conditions for new planting, including consideration of the use of permeable paving materials within trees’ drip zones, extensive soil preparation, and high quality structural soils beneath pavements.
- avoid containerised planting conditions and provide contiguous root zones where possible.
- contribute to increased biodiversity and resilience of plant communities in accordance with urban forest strategies.
- offset any vegetation loss.
- ensure that plantings are designed to complement and protect the functionality of other infrastructure including public lighting, CCTV surveillance systems and underground utilities.

Planting is included within the landscape plans and presented in Section 4.3.2 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan. Soil conditions and new planting is presented in Section 4.4.2.

### 3.2.c.15. Address irrigation including passive irrigation and opportunities for rain water infiltration into the soil, options for non-potable water supplies, irrigation zones and system types, control systems and equipment.

Irrigation for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.4.7 of the Development Plan.

### 3.3 Balance line-wide consistency with site responsiveness

#### 3.3.c.1.
Operational elements of the public transport system, involving the public and staff, must be consistent with the transport system as a whole in terms of their functionality and style of presentation. This includes the adoption of detailed design standards and use of those details in a manner consistent with their intent and function throughout the wider system, including but not limited to:
- ticket systems and barriers
- timetable displays, directional signs and other information used to access platforms and services
- ticket sales and other assistance
- safety systems.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan addresses the tunnel portal and does not address the station precincts. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.

#### 3.3.c.2.
The character of individual stations may vary between sites, and should be responsive to their physical, social and functional context:
- the architecture of the stations should be of a contemporary high quality that clearly expresses function and important civic role.
- station entries should be of an appropriate scale, form and design to support wayfinding and accessibility while responding to the local urban environment.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan addresses the tunnel portal and does not address the station precincts. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.
3.3.c.3. Locate and design infrastructure to integrate sensitively with its surroundings and to ensure the amenity and functionality of spaces it occupies:
- Permanent infrastructure should be located outside public spaces, utilising or expanding future over site development to accommodate above ground services such as vents and emergency accesses where possible.
- Respond to the setting and complement the design of adjoining buildings and open space.
- Give each element of Melbourne Metro infrastructure in the public realm a design character appropriate to its public function, ranging from striking visual qualities for entries and other elements that people use and interact with, or that function as landmarks for wayfinding, through to recessive treatments for service facilities.
- Minimise detrimental impacts on uses, e.g. as may result from fragmentation of spaces by physical structures, cluttering footpaths, conflicting traffic patterns (including pedestrian traffic), and noise.
- Where fragmentation is unavoidable, design structures and spaces to support the activation and use of surrounding spaces.
- Avoid obstructing views to building frontages or important pedestrian pathways.
- Minimise visual conflicts with significant buildings, monuments, specimen trees, open spaces and landscape vistas, especially those with a formal character that is highly sensitive to intrusions.
- Where possible, locate aboveground utilitarian structures near to larger nearby structures and plantings (other than sensitive ones noted above) to make the new structures seem relatively insignificant by comparison.
- Design all structures to complement and coordinate with existing nearby structures and service infrastructure, with consideration of their cumulative impact on the visual character with the site.
- Where appropriate, minimise the visual impact of structures with screen plantings that are consistent in character with the site.
- Provide high quality architectural and landscape solutions including the use of forms, sustainable materials, finishes and detailing that are appropriate to their uses, responsive to the context, that present well to nearby viewers.
- Minimise inactive and blank walls visible from the public realm, especially between ground and first floor levels.
- Maximise levels of solar access, passive surveillance and views into, through and between pedestrian routes and open spaces.
- Integrate acoustic treatments, where required, into the form and design of structures and equipment to minimise requirements for additional noise abatement screens.
- Minimise opportunities for, and likely damage from, graffiti and vandalism.

The public realm design of the Eastern Portal and how it integrates with its surrounds is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.

3.3.c.4. Design streetscapes and open spaces to integrate with their context:
- Use furniture and material palettes that are consistent with standards and guidelines of the Cities of Melbourne, Stonnington and Port Phillip, and the University of Melbourne.
- Use furniture and material palettes that respond to the changed context created by Melbourne Metro, including increases in pedestrian activity and heightened prominence in certain locations.
- Designs for streetscape works should be consistent with the remainder of the affected street, including the street layout, tree planting, paving materials and detailing (unless otherwise specified for particular sites).
- Tree species, tree densities and their locations in the road reserve (e.g. in footpaths or medians) should be consistent with relevant local plans and strategies.

The public realm design of the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan. Material palettes are presented in Section 4.3.8 of the Development Plan.

3.4 Support integrated site redevelopment

3.4.c.1. Avoid limiting future redevelopment potential of residual properties acquired for the project at the Western Portal and Eastern Portal.

The design of the Eastern Portal will not preclude future redevelopment of residual properties acquired for the Project. This is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

3.4.c.2. Consider future precinct-wide redevelopment at Arden, as well as over-site development of the station.

This Eastern Portal Development Plan addresses the tunnel portal and does not address the station precincts. Refer to the Arden (North Melbourne) Precinct Development Plan.
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.4.c.3.</td>
<td>Permit adjoining and potential over-site development at station entries within the University of Melbourne, either in parallel with the project or at a future date. This is not located in the Eastern Portal Precinct. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.c.4.</td>
<td>Permanent infrastructure should be located outside public spaces, utilising or expanding future over-site development to accommodate above ground services such as vents and emergency accesses wherever possible. The public realm at the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.c.5.</td>
<td>Development plans for station infrastructure should consider, and integrate with, over-site development to provide for coordinated design outcomes. This Eastern Portal Development Plan addresses the tunnel portal and does not address the station precincts. Consistency with this guideline is addressed in the Arden (North Melbourne), Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.c.6.</td>
<td>Consolidate infrastructure within over-site developments so as to minimise impacts on the public realm, including: - minimise above ground infrastructure on the public realm. - minimise constraints on surface features and uses in the public realm due to underground infrastructure. The public realm at the Eastern Portal is presented in Sections 4.3.3 of the Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.c.7.</td>
<td>Integrate redevelopment for complementary uses with the station entries in the CBD, including: - over-site development of properties acquired at the La Trobe - Little La Trobe Sub-Precinct and Cocker Alley Sub-Precinct - redevelopment of the City Square underground car park - reconstruction of the eastern and western shards in Federation Square. This is not located in the Eastern Portal Precinct. Refer to CBD North and CBD South Precinct Development Plans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.c.8.</td>
<td>Not preclude possible future across, decking over or development above rail cuttings at South Yarra. Rail cuttings at South Yarra are outside the scope and extent of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal and will be addressed in a separate Eastern Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Design to help manage construction impacts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.5.c.1.</td>
<td>Maintain circulation and transport operations during the construction process: - Redirect pedestrian and cyclist movements as necessary to ensure safe access around construction work sites, businesses and properties immediately adjacent to construction work sites. - Provide for universal access, amenity and safety. - Provide for emergency and maintenance access, deliveries, access for construction projects on nearby sites, and public events. - Provide temporary bus and tram stops, including shelters, where appropriate. - Provide awnings for weather protection, where appropriate. - Provide directional signage and temporary signs for businesses and properties obscured by construction activities. Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Transport Management Plan (including relevant sub-plans, such as the Precinct Transport Management Plan and Transport Management Implementation Plan), which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.5.c.2.</td>
<td>Protect the viability of, and amenity for, activities at and near construction work sites: - Apply principles of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design to arrangements of access routes, hoardings and other features during the construction period. - Ensure that the location of temporary works sites and temporary infrastructure requirements align with future land use renewal, public realm activation and uplift opportunities. Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Health and Safety Management Plan and Land Use Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 3.5.c.3. Protect features from damage:
- where existing trees are to be retained, avoid damage to their canopies and minimise soil compaction and excavation within root zones. Where damage to existing canopies is likely, undertake advance pruning. Where damage to existing roots is likely, provide appropriate arboriculture care in preparation for and during construction including advanced root pruning and irrigation.
- protect, relocate, reinstate or upgrade underground and overhead services as appropriate.
- protect and/or temporarily remove, restore and reinstall monuments and artworks.
- conserve, salvage and reuse materials where possible and appropriate including bluestone kerbs and cobbledstones, street furniture etc.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Ecology Management Plan with site specific controls detailed in the Site Environmental Implementation Plans. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

## 3.5.c.4. Maintain an attractive presentation to surrounding areas:
- provide enclosures, hoardings and screens that are designed to respond to the predominant viewing distance and types of activity they are exposed to (e.g. addressed to nearby pedestrians or to motorists at a distance).
- design all enclosures, hoardings, screens and other temporary features to create a positive visual presentation to prominent sites, busy pedestrian areas and key tourism precincts.
- design enclosure, hoardings, screens and other temporary features with increasing quality in proportion to the time they will present.
- design all temporary elements to respect the character of their setting, to ensure a neat appearance throughout the construction process, to assist in minimisation of graffiti, bill-posting and other unauthorised advertising, and to include consistent project branding.
- provide opportunities to convey information about the Melbourne Metro to the community including explanation of the project objectives, scope of works, construction impacts, innovations and progress,
- design to allow for temporary uses, programs of events, and pop-up public spaces to offset the impact of construction activities, including temporary parks, outdoor dining areas, pop-up markets and community arts / music festivals.
- recognise the potential of acoustic sheds, in particular those at CBD North, CBD South and Domain to be designed to contribute to the image and identity of the city.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Urban Design Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

## 1.6 Design for the future

### 3.6.c.1. Anticipate growth of Melbourne's population and future changes in activity patterns and development in response to the new Metro Tunnel services:
- reinstate or redesign open spaces and infrastructure to a high standard that responds to heavier pedestrian traffic, heightened public profile and other changes that will be generated by Melbourne Metro, e.g. through the use of higher standards of materials and finishes, more robust surfaces, widened footpaths etc.
- design to maximise long term flexibility in the management of, and options for improvement, of nearby spaces and infrastructure.

The future growth of Melbourne's population and response to the new Metro system is presented in Section 4.3.1 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

### 3.6.c.2. Although RPV will take possession of various areas to enable construction of Melbourne Metro, many of these will revert to other owners or managers after construction is completed. Management requirements after this handover must be supported by the design:
- streets, spaces and assets that will be managed and maintained by a particular agency must be designed to the satisfaction of that agency.
- boundaries between areas and assets included in the project area and scope of works, but which are ultimately to be managed by other agencies, must be delineated and the implications of that long-term management responsibility must be reflected in the design.
- facilities that are managed through separate contractual processes (e.g. the City of Melbourne’s self-cleaning public toilets) should, where possible, be maintained as discrete elements enabling clear demarcation of responsibilities.

The Development Plan process requires key transport agencies such as PTV, VicRoads and Councils, to take possession of areas that are beyond the current project scope. These areas are not included within the Development Plan, but are clearly marked as ‘development by others’. Where considered relevant it is noted within the Eastern Portal Development Plan appendices.
### 3.6.c.3. Allow for long-term flexibility in the uses of public spaces and in the provision of facilities and services:

- notwithstanding the requirement for an integrated design approach, take a cautious approach in the creation of any multifunction structures - e.g. co-locating public toilets and emergency access shafts, or recreational structures and vents - in situations where demands in relation to one function are likely to vary over time but adaptive redesign may be constrained by requirements of the other function.
- design underground structures at any location in road reserves, parkland and other public spaces to withstand vehicular loadings as appropriate to a trafficable roadway, regardless of current carriageway layouts.

Public space is presented in Sections 4.3.2 and 4.3.3 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

### 3.6.c.4. Support the healthy growth of canopy trees throughout parks, streets and other open spaces and allow for the potential to plant and replant over the long-term with minimal constraints:

- locate underground structures at sufficient depth below the finished ground level to support healthy root systems of large canopy trees over the long-term, including provision of reserves of soil moisture to sustain trees in periods of drought and extreme heat
- where underground structures must be at relatively shallow depths below the existing surface, give consideration to wholesale elevation of the finished surface to help achieve satisfactory depth of cover (within constraints relating to issues such as provision for accessibility and drainage, and protection of landscape character and heritage fabric)
- areas over structures where soil volumes are unavoidably too shallow to ensure long-term tree health should be designed to be successful without trees, making other provisions for shade, shelter and greening
- any new or relocated underground services should, if possible, be clustered into compact corridors and away from likely areas of planting
- overhead power or telecommunication lines should be placed underground where possible to avoid interference with tree canopies.

The provision of a suitable environment for the growth of plants and trees, ensuring underground structures are positioned at sufficient depth, is presented in Section 4.3.2 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

### 3.6.c.5. Create robust and durable landscapes:

- select plants with consideration of climate, microclimate and likely climate change
- design to ensure resistance to wear due to intensive use of urban spaces and potential vandalism
- minimise requirements for irrigation while ensuring appropriate landscape qualities and amenity of public spaces
- design to suit relatively low-level maintenance regimes without reliance on a high level of horticultural skill.

Landscape plans for the Eastern Portal are presented in Section 4.3.2, and relevant materials and finishes are presented in Section 4.3.8 of the Development Plan.

### 3.6.c.6. Respond to changing climate and microclimate conditions to improve thermal comfort and create enjoyable places for use throughout the year:

- incorporate climate change adaptation measures
- use trees and awnings to provide shade and shelter and to mitigate the urban heat island effect
- minimise tree loss as a result of construction
- replace trees removed as a result of the project to improve existing landscape character and biodiversity and contribute to increased tree canopy coverage and species diversity.

Landscape plans for the Eastern Portal are presented in Section 4.3.2, and relevant materials and finishes are presented in Section 4.3.8 of the Development Plan.

### 3.6.c.7. Integrate water-sensitive urban design initiatives:

- incorporate rainwater collection, treatment, storage and re-use systems
- maximise the proportion of stormwater from within the project area that is treated, evaporated or retained within the project footprint
- use permeable surfaces where possible to allow rainwater infiltration and passive irrigation.

Water-sensitive urban design initiatives are presented in Section 4.3.2 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

### 3.6.c.8. Practice sustainable use of materials and resources

Materials and finishes for the Eastern Portal are presented in Section 4.3.8 of the Development Plan.

#### 4.1 Precinct 1: Tunnels

#### 4.1.1 Domain Parklands Emergency Access Shaft and Tunnel Works
## Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.1</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located near the King Edward VII Memorial: Create an integrated design using landform, plantings and built elements of the emergency access shaft to form a recessive backdrop for the Edward VII Memorial and that complements the memorial’s wider landscape setting. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.2</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located near the King Edward VII Memorial: Minimise the height and bulk of aboveground structures, in particular any elements higher than ground level adjacent to the Edward VII Memorial. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.3</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located near the King Edward VII Memorial: Keep clear of the shared path on the north side of Linlithgow Avenue. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.4</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located near the King Edward VII Memorial: After construction, reconstruct Linlithgow Avenue to allow for City of Melbourne plans for access improvements (generally as illustrated in ‘Proposed Road Closure, Linlithgow Avenue, Domain Parklands,’ City of Melbourne City Design Division, project no. 901894, drawing no. L01, September 2011.) This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.5</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located in Tom’s Block: Respect the character of, cultural significance of, and views to existing memorials. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.6</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located in Tom’s Block: Create a form that presents well when viewed in the round. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.7</td>
<td>If the emergency access shaft is located in Tom’s Block: Use recessive finishes and colours to avoid distracting from nearby monuments. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.8</td>
<td>If any surface works for tunnel construction occur in Tom’s Block: Reinstate the existing character of gently sloping lawns with specimen trees. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1.e.9</td>
<td>If any surface works for tunnel construction occur in Tom’s Block: Avoid preventing the future installation of a new path extending the King George V avenue to St Kilda Road, as proposed in the 2007 Domain Parklands Master Plan (generally as illustrated in ‘King George V Avenue Extension, Kings Domain,’ City of Melbourne City Projects Division, Project No. 903197, Drawing no. SD01, 2012.) This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### Precinct 2: Western Portal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.2.1.e.1</td>
<td>Leave the site in a condition with no added constraints to its future redevelopment, beyond those existing at present. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.2.e.1</td>
<td>Generally maintain the northern kerb of Childers Street at its existing alignment. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.2.e.2</td>
<td>Minimise physical encroachment of new rail infrastructure into Childers Street:  - Use vertical retaining walls to support Metro Tunnel tracks, both where on a raised embankment and in a cutting.  - Design walls and screens to prioritise preservation of space for greening and travel along Childers Street over decorative effects that increase the structure’s bulk. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.2.e.3</td>
<td>Design walls, fencing and acoustic screens facing JJ Holland Park to be visually recessive, to present a high quality finish, and to deter graffiti. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

#### 4.2.2.e.4
Provide planted screening of railway infrastructure south of Childers Street

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.2.e.5
Minimise excavation within the root zone of existing trees along the north side of Childers Street and protect the trees from damage during construction.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.2.e.6
Provide a continuous and east-west bicycle route connecting Kensington Road and Ormond Street, designed to minimise conflicts with park uses, to minimise conflicts between cyclists and vehicles, and to minimise potential safety issues resulting from limited sightlines and cross traffic near the Bill Vanina sports pavilion.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.2.e.7
Design the overpass of Kensington Road to present a high quality finish, to present well in both distant and nearby views, to ensure a high standard of visibility and lighting to paths below it, and to deter graffiti.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3
South Kensington Station Entry (Ormond Street to Tennyson Street)

#### 4.2.3.e.1
Architecturally integrate Metro Tunnel structures in the area with the entry to South Kensington station.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.2
Contribute to visibility of the station entry, without dominating views from JJ Holland Park or visually overwhelming the scale of nearby houses.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.3
Provide a forecourt to the station entry incorporating seating, lighting, bicycle parking, and car parking for JJ Holland Park users.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.4
Provide canopy tree planting along the frontage to the rail corridor east of the station entry, to provide shade and visual screening.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.5
Any re-alignment or widening of Childers Street at the station forecourt must resolve relationships between the new street and forecourt levels and sloping levels of intersecting streets, lanes, footpaths, and adjoining properties, to ensure accessibility and safety.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.6
Maintain safe bicycle access through the area, arranged to minimise conflicts with pedestrians and car parking manoeuvres.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.7
Investigate opportunities to provide additional green space at the southern end of Ormond Street, while allowing vehicular access to all adjacent properties.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.2.3.e.8
Avoid creating encumbrances upon future medium density residential infill development of remnants of the acquired properties at the northwest of the Childers Street / Tennyson Street intersection.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.

### 4.3 Precinct 3: Arden Station
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

| 4.3.e.1. | The design of Metro Tunnel must create inviting, safe and comfortable conditions that support use of the station before and during any wider redevelopment of the site.  
- create a station building and associated open space of high design quality that integrates with and serves as a benchmark for surrounding development.  
- provide temporary hoardings, fencings, screens and plantings of fast-growing trees to provide amenity and shelter for public spaces near the station entry.  
- protect the station and other Metro Tunnel infrastructure from flooding and ingress of water, while providing for access from existing nearby street levels and allowing for adaptation in response to future new development. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Arden (North Melbourne) Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.3.e.2. | The new station and future redevelopment of the publicly owned (VicTrack) land must be integrated with surrounding areas, ensuring high levels of accessibility between the station and nearby land uses.  
- ensure that the station and infrastructure align with the directions of the Arden Framework Plan  
- minimise the land area occupied by Metro Tunnel infrastructure in order to maximise the potential for future redevelopment on surrounding sites  
- enable future vertical loading for a mixed-use building above the station  
- allow for future extension of nearby streets into the site and make provision for future new station entrance(s) connecting to these  
- upgrade Laurens Street between Queensberry Street and Arden Street to provide a pedestrian friendly environment with improved bike lanes, taxi rank, and limited parking  
- upgrade Barwise Street to provide a pedestrian friendly environment, and improved access to the new station  
- ensure a high degree of visual prominence for the station and its public realm to assist with wayfinding. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Arden (North Melbourne) Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.3.e.3. | Works near Moonee Ponds Creek should:  
- Create an attractive interface with the shared path.  
- Minimise disruption or damage to habitat that supports endangered or threatened species.  
- Protect the corridor’s environmental and recreational values. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Arden (North Melbourne) Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.4 | Precinct 4: Parkville Station |

| 4.4.1 | Royal Parade |

| 4.4.1.e.1. | Retain and protect existing trees along Royal Parade. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.4.1.e.2. | Where tree removal is unavoidable, plant new trees in the same locations, creating favourable growing conditions with soil preparation throughout the anticipated root zone. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.4.1.e.3. | Design any aboveground Metro Tunnel structures located within Royal Parade to minimise their visual bulk or solidity, especially for elements at or above eye level. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.4.1.e.4. | Integrate with the proposed tram super stop in Royal Parade | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.4.2 | Grattan Street |

| 4.4.2.e.1. | Consider stakeholder requirements for Grattan Street between Flemington Road and Swanston Street, and ensure the potential for integration of works in the project area with future improvements by others beyond the project area. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.4.2.e.2. | Minimise the carriageway width while providing for local vehicular traffic and appropriate kerbside space for bus stops, loading, taxis, and emergency vehicles including ambulances (especially but not only in the block west of Royal Parade). | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |
### 4.4.2.e.3
Provide dedicated bike lanes in each direction, either on street or with separation from motor vehicles and pedestrians. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.2.e.4
Relate footpath width to station entries and pedestrian flows. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.2.e.5
Provide clear pedestrian circulation space along the building frontages on both sides of the street, preferably wider than is currently provided. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.2.e.6
Provide passenger waiting areas and shelters at bus stops. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.2.e.7
Include new plantings of large canopy trees. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.2.e.8
Widen signalised pedestrian crossings, potentially with carriageway pavement levels flush with footpath levels to improve accessibility near University Square. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.2.e.9
Maintain access and sightlines to all building entries. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.3
University of Melbourne Interface with Grattan Street

#### 4.4.3.e.1
Design station entries that orientate towards the wider precinct and its pedestrian movements, including but not limited to the University of Melbourne, and provide a high-quality arrival experience and meeting places, adequate footpath areas, and direct legible connections to the north south spine that extends across Grattan Street and which links east and west to other uses and tram connections. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.4.3.e.2
Provide a design response that is respectful of the historic Gatekeeper’s Cottage and Vice Chancellor’s House, including their landscape settings. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.4.3.e.3
Retain the remnant of the university’s historic perimeter fence near Royal Parade. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.4.3.e.4
Allow for future redevelopment of the university’s Royal Parade Biosciences Zone to the northeast of the Royal Parade / Grattan Street intersection and between the two proposed station entries. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.4.3.e.5
Ensure that paving and street furniture within the university campus adhere to the university’s design standards while those within the Grattan Street road reserve adhere to City of Melbourne standards, and resolve an appropriate interface between these two sets of standards without compromising either one. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.4.3.e.6
Relate footpath widening to station entrances and pedestrian flows. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.4.4
University Square, Barry Street and Leicester Street

#### 4.4.4.e.1
Integrate aboveground Metro Tunnel infrastructure with the proposed design for University Square, Barry Street and Leicester Street, including:
- coordinate the location of ventilation shafts with existing ventilation and access structures for the underground car park and with the layout of proposed features in Barry, Leicester and Grattan Streets
- integrate aboveground elements of the chiller plant with the proposed design for the area. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

| 4.4.4.e.2 | Implement the proposed design for University Square, Barry Street and Leicester Street within the project area, and allow for its future complete implementation by others beyond the project area. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |

| 4.5 | Precinct 5: CBD North Station |
| 4.5.1 | La Trobe-Little La Trobe Street Sub Precinct |
| 4.5.1.e.1 | Contribute to an integrated network of safe, high quality pedestrian routes:  
- Locate and design station access stairs, escalators and lifts to distribute pedestrian traffic safely in relation to the capacity of surrounding routes.  
- Locate and design entry points for over site development to respect pedestrian desire lines and to avoid major congestion points.  
- Create frontage activation along streets and laneways.  
- Provide appropriate weather protection to Swanston Street and La Trobe Street footpaths. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.1.e.2 | Allow for servicing, deliveries, and waste removal from the station and over site development, so as not to compromise frontage activation objectives. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.1.e.3 | Address issues of servicing neighbouring properties. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.1.e.4 | Ensure that over-site development is fully integrated into station design to ensure an overall cohesive, safe and functional station precinct. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.1.e.5 | Create clear delineation between private-sector building and station infrastructure for ease of maintenance and operation. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.2 | Franklin Street |
| 4.5.2.e.1 | Consider stakeholder requirements for the length of Franklin Street between Victoria and Queen Streets, and ensure the potential for integration of works in the project area with future improvements beyond the project area. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.2.e.2 | Maintain clear pedestrian circulation space along the building frontages on both sides of the street, no less than and preferably wider than at present. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.2.e.3 | Provide expanded pedestrian space for seating and other uses with enhanced amenity including plantings of new canopy trees, upgraded street lighting, etc. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.2.e.4 | Minimise carriageway widths while accommodating appropriate vehicular access including services access to the City Baths and RMIT. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.2.e.5 | Create a safe bicycle route along Franklin Street. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.2.e.6 | Minimise conflicts between turning vehicular traffic and Swanston Street trams. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.5.3 | Local Access Network |
| 4.5.3.e.1 | Manage local traffic to maintain access to properties, to minimise conflicts with pedestrians, bicyclists and trams, and to safely return traffic to the wider road network. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan. |
4.5.3.e.2 Manage and design Swanston Street between Latrobe and Little Latrobe Streets consistently with areas of Swanston Street south of Latrobe Street, with widened footpaths, improved tree planting, footpath paving, street furniture and lighting. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan.

4.5.3.e.3 Provide clear pedestrian circulation space along building frontages in all streets and laneways, maintaining existing capacity and increasing capacity where possible. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan.

4.5.3.e.4 Maintain on-street kerbside loading and delivery facilities to provide for servicing of adjacent properties. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan.

4.5.3.e.5 Above ground elements of the maintenance access and vent structure should be located and designed to ensure optimal flexibility in use of the public open space and to minimise visual impacts:
- Minimise aboveground structures’ width, breadth and visual bulk, especially with respect to any element higher than 1m above surrounding paving levels.
- Use sustainable cladding materials and a high standard of architectural detailing to ensure the structures present well to nearby pedestrians, and are durable and easy to maintain in good condition.
- Consider potential integration with other streetscape elements, such as lighting and signage, in order to minimise clutter in the street space. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan.

4.6 Precinct 6: CBD South Station

4.6.1 Cocker Alley Sub Precinct

4.6.1.e.1 Contribute to an integrated network of safe, high quality pedestrian routes:
- Locate and design station access stairs, escalators and lifts to distribute pedestrian traffic safely in relation to the capacity of surrounding routes.
- Improve pedestrian accessibility, safety and amenity in laneways connecting to the station entry.
- Ensure safe conditions in nearby laneways when the station entry is closed.
- Create active frontages along streets and laneways connecting to the station entry.
- Provide appropriate weather protection along Swanston Street and Flinders Street footpaths.
- Provide for safe crossings of Flinders Lane. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

4.6.1.e.2 Allow for servicing, deliveries, and waste removal from the station and over site development, so as not to compromise frontage activation objectives. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

4.6.1.e.3 Address issues of servicing neighbouring properties. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

4.6.1.e.4 Integrate over site development with the station and associated infrastructure. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

4.6.1.e.5 Create clear delineation between private-sector building and station infrastructure for ease of maintenance and operation. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

4.6.2 Federation Square: St Paul’s Court

4.6.2.e.1 Maintain Federation Square’s inter-relationships with Flinders Street, Swanston Street and St Paul’s Cathedral:
- Protect the framed vista from Federation Square to St Paul’s Cathedral from intrusive or disruptive structures.
- Ensure permeability, visual links and pedestrian accessibility between the Flinders Street footpath and Federation Square.
- Create an architectural element that holds the corner at the intersection of Swanston and Flinders streets. This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

| 4.6.2.e.2 | Maintain usable and activated open spaces:  
- Maintain or provide new seating ledges.  
- Maintain or provide new level areas of a size and character suitable for a range of events and activities. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan. |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.6.2.e.3 | Maintain and enhance the civic character and identity of Federation Square:  
- Achieve design integration with Federation Square as a whole.  
- Respond positively to the context established by the design of Federation Square.  
- Consider rebuilding the western shard in keeping with the original design intent, increasing its height in order to reinstate its tall vertical proportions. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.6.2.e.4 | New or modified structures to accommodate above ground infrastructure may be sited within or adjacent to Federation Square provided the additional shadows cast do not unreasonably affect the usage and enjoyment of the broader open space. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.6.e.3.1 | Maintain a respectful relationship with nearby civic buildings:  
- Minimise the size and visual prominence of the station entry, so that it does not appear to be disproportionately grand in relation to other civic stairs on Swanston Street.  
- Maintain uncluttered views to St Paul’s Cathedral from the square, in particular to the facade and altar window facing Flinders Lane.  
- Mirror the offset of the Westin Hotel facade from the Cathedral’s central axis to define a view corridor along the axis, and avoid locating aboveground infrastructure within this corridor if possible.  
- Maintain views of the Town Hall clock tower from the square | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.6.e.3.2 | Minimise net loss or fragmentation of public open space:  
- Locate the entry and other aboveground infrastructure near to Collins Street to minimise impacts on usable public open space.  
- Where possible, locate lifts and other aboveground infrastructure within the Westin Hotel built form.  
- Where possible, co-locate aboveground infrastructure that must be in the square with the station entry or with other aboveground structures.  
- Provide pedestrian access, egress and dispersal from the station via the street, not through the body of the square.  
- Maintain generous soil depths to allow for tree planting. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.6.e.3.3 | Create a high quality civic open space that accommodates passive recreational use and staged events, and achieves a balance of qualities as a place of respite and a prominent and actively used civic space:  
- Maintain or increase space for casual use including public seating.  
- Maintain accessibility for events including a large open level space equivalent to that provided in the square today, with vehicular loading capacities and surface treatment suitable for staging events without damage and / or without costly reinstatement requirements.  
- Provide vehicle access for events bump in / bump out.  
- Design so that, the square has a mix of large and more intimate spaces that can be used separately during public events. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan. |
### 4.6.3.e.4 Maintain and enhance active frontages onto and overlooking the square:
- Maximise activation of the square by tenancies within the ground floor of the Westin Hotel.
- Maintain a level paved frontage along the Westin Hotel, providing access to adjoining tenancies and associated outdoor dining / cafe spaces.
- Maintain physical demarcation of outdoor spaces leased or licenced to adjoining hospitality businesses, to assist in their ongoing management (e.g. as with the existing water feature).
- Consider options for replacement of the existing cafe tenancy to minimise space occupied within the square.
- Maintain views between the Swanston Street footpath and tram stops and the open space within the square.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.6.3.e.5 Maintain a generous shaded pedestrian promenade along Swanston Street:
- Maintain circulation space with no less capacity than exists at present.
- Maintain accessible tram stop facilities.
- Maintain a double row of Plane trees.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.6.3.e.6 Locate and design the station entry and the square as a whole to integrate with surrounding footpath levels:
- Orient the station entry towards Swanston Street.
- Locate and design required aboveground infrastructure to help resolve level transitions between the square and surrounding footpaths.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal Precinct. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.6.3.e.7 Protect, relocate and / or restore existing artworks and monuments as appropriate:
- Retain the Burke and Wills Monument in its existing location if possible. If not, re-install the monument in its original form at a new site to be approved by the City of Melbourne. Undertake adaptive site works as required to integrate the monument with the new site.
- Work with City of Melbourne to maintain or appropriately relocate or reimagine the Mockridge Fountain.
- Consult with the City of Melbourne to determine their intent to retain other existing artworks in the City’s collection (and reinstall in the City Square or relocate as appropriate) or to de-accession. Incorporate works to be retained at the site into the new design.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.6.3.e.8 Adapt the remaining space after the provision of the station entry below the City Square for a civic facility:
- Minimise the extent of the existing space occupied by station infrastructure, where possible using the lower levels for service functions and allowing for active uses near ground surface level.
- Consult with the City of Melbourne to resolve the functional brief for the facility.
- Create a more direct and positive relationship between the open space and the new civic facilities in the basement than currently exists between the car park and the square.
- Continue to accommodate public amenities and site services as appropriate.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.6.3.e.9 New or modified structures to accommodate above ground infrastructure may be sited within or adjacent to City Square provided the additional shadows cast do not unreasonably affect the usage and enjoyment of the broader open space.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.7 Precinct 7: Domain Station

#### 4.7.1 St Kilda Road

#### 4.7.1.e.1 Consider stakeholder requirements for St Kilda Road from Toorak Road to Dorcas Street, and ensure the potential for integration of works in the project area with future implementation of streetscape improvements by others beyond the project area.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.7.1.e.2 Provide convenient pedestrian access:
- Support pedestrian crossings of St Kilda Road via the proposed station subway and by improving the safety and amenity of street level crossings.
- Enhance pedestrian links from St Kilda Road to the Park Street (South Melbourne) tram route.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

**Author:** Sabrina Chapman  
**Checker:** Madeleine Alafaci / Jenna Beckett  
**Approver:** Mat Peel  
**Date:** 06-06-18

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Description</th>
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| 4.7.1.e.3 | Provide protected bicycle lanes, connecting safely and conveniently to bike lanes north and south of the project area.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.1.e.4 | Complement St Kilda Road’s formal boulevard character:  
- Maintain or recreate a generally symmetrically balanced layout, with regular kerb alignments typically set parallel to the road’s centrel ine, and large canopy trees.  
- Design the island tram stop/interchange as a high quality public space with a formal design character that complements the boulevard setting.  
- Coordinate or integrate passenger shelters at the tram stop with weather protection for the Metro Tunnel station entry.  
- Arrange tram overheads to minimise visual clutter and to allow for tree planting.  
- Minimise commercial advertising except as allowed under current PTV contracts with providers of tram shelters.  
- Ensure that the design of the Park Street (South Melbourne) tram stop near Wells Street preserves views to the Shrine.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.1.e.5 | Reconstruct the area of the existing tram interchange, north of the new one, to a design complementing and transitioning back into the typical boulevard layout of St Kilda Road with side service roads separated from the central carriageway by treed medians.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.1.e.6 | Locate and design vent shafts, the chiller plant and substations to minimise their visual impacts:  
- Minimise impacts on important views, in particular the Shrine of Remembrance vista.  
- Ensure safe sightlines at intersections and pedestrian crossings.  
- Integrate with the design of passenger shelters and weather protection for the Metro Tunnel entries, where possible.  
- Allow for integration with necessary signage.  
- Complement the formal design character of St Kilda Road.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.2 | Shrine Reserve and Kings Domain Construction Work Areas |
| 4.7.2.e.1 | Minimise encroachment into the Shrine of Remembrance Reserve.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.2.e.2 | Maintain the vista to the Shrine from St Kilda Road between Domain Road and Park Street as clear of structures as possible, and minimise any new structures that may detract from or compete with views or the experience of existing monuments including the MacPherson Robertson Fountain and Cobbers Memorial:  
- Locate aboveground structures along Domain Road if possible rather than along the St Kilda Road frontage of the Shrine Reserve.  
- Locate the entry as low on the slope as possible, i.e. within or adjoining and parallel to the street.  
- Minimise any structure above balustrade height.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.2.e.3 | Minimise impacts on views from within the Shrine Reserve, especially from the forecourts and steps, rooftop viewing terrace, and the ‘ring road’ at the base of the Shrine:  
- Minimise visibility of Metro Tunnel structures within the Shrine Reserve.  
- Minimise advertising visible from the Shrine or within key vistas to the Shrine.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.2.e.4 | Minimise impacts on culturally significant features and fabric:  
- Sensitivey reinstate or relocate existing memorials if required.  
- Retain or replace significant trees  
- Minimise proximity impacts of the entrance’s use on observances at the Battle of the Fromelles memorial.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
| 4.7.2.e.5 | Orient and design the entry to direct users towards an accessible route of travel to the main entries of the Shrine of Remembrance and the Royal Botanic Gardens.  
This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan. |
Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

### 4.7.2.e.6
After construction, re-establish the construction work site(s) to existing or improved conditions, including works generally as illustrated in "Edmund Herring Oval — Kings Domain Parklands," City of Melbourne City Projects Division, Project No. 903411, Drawing no. L401, November 2015.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.7.3
Albert Road Reserve

#### 4.7.3.e.1
Consider stakeholder requirements for Albert Road and ensure the potential for integration of works in the project area with future implementation of streetscape improvements by others beyond the project area.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.7.3.e.2
Minimise impacts on culturally significant features and fabric:
- Minimise the size and prominence of the station entry and ensure that it provides an appropriate setting for the South African Soldiers Memorial.
- Maintain the South African Soldiers Memorial's visual links to St Kilda Road and where possible, improves its prominence as the focal point of the reserve.
- Retain as many trees as possible, in particular the elms to the north of the South African Soldiers Memorial.
- Retain the Windsor Oak in situ, conserve it off site during construction, or propagate replacements from the original tree.
- Return the Cockbill Fountain and Windsor Oak (or its replacement) to the site after construction.
- S sensitively restate or relocate other existing plaques and memorials as required.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.7.3.e.3
Enhance pedestrian and cyclist access to the new station:
- Widen and repave footpaths.
- Connect bike paths through the area and provide bicycle parking.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.7.3.e.4
Create a high quality open space and facilities to support cultural, social, and passive recreational activities:
- Provide spaces for seating and casual social interaction.
- Avoiding fragmenting useable open spaces with busy pedestrian routes.
- Rationalise and reduce trafficable road space and car parking areas and convert to pedestrian use where possible.
- Provide a modest congregation area near the South African Soldiers Memorial that provides access for ceremonies

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

#### 4.7.3.e.5
Provide for vehicular access to properties, car parks and for servicing.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precinct Development Plan.

### 4.8
Precinct 8: Eastern Portal (South Yarra)

#### 4.8.e.1
Provide and improve shared use paths along the rail corridors with generous path widths to support local recreational and commuter use:
- Widen Lovers Walk, as appropriate and where possible, to support its role as a major shared path.
- Create a shared use path to the south of the rail corridor between Chapel Street, South Yarra Siding Reserve and Osborne Street.
- Maintain the eastern Osborne Street footpath.

Pedestrian access is presented in Section 4.3.4 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

#### 4.8.e.2
Improve walking and cycling access across the rail lines:
- Adopt a high quality integrated architectural and structural engineering design for the new William Street bridge including supporting structure(s), balustrades and lighting, with provision for safety, universal access and high levels of visibility.
- Locate and design the new bridge over the Sandringham line to visually and physically connect to the South Yarra Siding Reserve and to maximise its long-term contribution to pedestrian and cycle accessibility. Adopt a high quality integrated architectural and structural engineering design including supporting structure(s), balustrades and lighting, with provision for safety, universal access and high levels of visibility.

The new William Street bridge is outside the scope and extent of CYP's works for the Eastern Portal and will be addressed in a separate Eastern Portal Development Plan.
### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Urban Design Strategy guidelines assessment

**4.8.e.3** Maximise permanent usable public open space in the precinct, including:
- Construct any required vertical retaining walls to support backfilling to levels that increase the level of useable open space.
- Design retaining walls and backfill to provide generous soil depths to support the growth of trees, and to maximise opportunities for future bridging, decking or development above the rail corridors.
- Consider future structural demands in the design of retaining walls and any other project infrastructure to support future decking across the railways for a future public plaza adjoining Toorak Road.

Public open space is presented in Section 4.3.3 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

**4.8.e.4** Provide a direct link through a new pedestrian bridge from the South Yarra Siding Reserve to Osborne Street to connect to Toorak Road.

A new pedestrian bridge is outside the scope and extent of CYP’s works for the Eastern Portal and will be addressed in a separate Eastern Portal Development Plan.

**4.8.e.5** Provide high quality contemporary public open spaces that are accessible, safe and responsive to the needs of current and future local communities:
- Provide a balance of hardscaped and green spaces that facilitate a range of passive and active recreation, and are adaptable to varied uses over time.
- Maximise the area of green, landscaped open space including canopy trees.

Public open space is presented in Sections 4.3.2 and 4.3.3 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

**4.8.e.6** Design all structures required for and in association with the project as part of an integrated site design:
- Consider the cumulative impact of all structures including emergency access and ventilation structures, retaining walls, bridges, balustrades, vehicular crash barriers, acoustic screens, security fences and privacy screens, and integrate all into a coordinated high quality site design.
- Provide a high quality design response to all sensitive interfaces.
- Consider the forms, locations, materials and detailing of noise abatement screens, fences and other structures to maximise views into, through and between pedestrian routes and open spaces, and to minimise graffiti and vandalism.
- Provide transparency in acoustic screens and fencing above one metre (nominal) height at interfaces with walking routes or actively used public spaces, to improve passive surveillance and personal security.

Ancillary features, including ventilation structures, are presented in Section 4.3.7 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan. Crime prevention through environmental design is presented in Section 4.3.9 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.
Appendix E: Eastern Portal Environmental Performance Requirements assessment
Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Surface Water Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Air Quality

- **Eastern Portal**: Set up at quality controls for dust management and monitoring, with a minimum level of dust emissions.
- **Operational Environmental Management Plan**. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Cultural Heritage

- **Eastern Portal**: Make sure that the cultural heritage management plan is in accordance with the Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2006.
- **Operational Environmental Management Plan**. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Air Quality

- **Eastern Portal**: Ensure that air quality criteria and outline the justification for those criteria for above ground construction works.
- **Operational Environmental Management Plan**. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Cultural Heritage

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### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Discipline</th>
<th>EPR Ref</th>
<th>Environmental Protection Requirements</th>
<th>Development Plan Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air Quality</td>
<td>AQ3</td>
<td>1. Control the emission of smoke, dust, fumes and other pollution into the atmosphere during construction and operation in accordance with the SEPPs for Air Quality Management and Ambient Air Quality.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The project-specific control measures are identified in the Air Quality Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arboriculture</td>
<td>AR3</td>
<td>1. During detailed design, review any potential tree impacts and achieve the maximum possible tree retention on both public and private land, excluding releasing all valuable habitat linkages or corridors where practicable.</td>
<td>The public realm response in regards to tree retention for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.4.2 of the Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arboriculture</td>
<td>AR4</td>
<td>1. Reduce the disruption to businesses from direct acquisition or temporary occupation of land, and work with business and land owners to endeavour to reach agreement on the terms for possession of the land.</td>
<td>The public realm response in regards to tree soil and water supply is presented in Section 4.4.2 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arboriculture</td>
<td>AR5</td>
<td>1. For City of Melbourne trees that are to be retained and protected, a bank guarantee or bond for the trees’ value will be held against the approved Tree Protection Plan for the duration of the works in accordance with the City of Melbourne Tree Retention and Removal Policy.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The project-specific control measures are identified in the Ecology Management Plan (including a Tree Protection Plan) with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arboriculture</td>
<td>AR6</td>
<td>1. Prior to commencement of construction of any Project works that could affect trees, prepare and implement Tree Protection Plans for each precinct in accordance with the Ecology Management Plan (including a Tree Protection Plan) with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The project-specific control measures are identified in the Ecology Management Plan (including a Tree Protection Plan) with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business</td>
<td>B1</td>
<td>1. Reduce the disruption to businesses from direct acquisition or temporary occupation of land, and work with business and land owners to endeavour to reach agreement on the terms for possession of the land.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The project-specific control measures are identified in the Ecology Management Plan (including a Tree Protection Plan) with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspectspecific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which will include Business Engagement and Continuity Management Plan (Business Disruption Mitigation Plan) This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Disciplines

#### Business

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<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td></td>
<td>c) Identify and implement measures to prevent oxidation of ASS/ASR wherever possible.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Emergency Response and Incident Management Plan - Parkville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td></td>
<td>b) Characterise ASS/ASR spoil prior to excavation.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Emergency Response and Incident Management Plan - Parkville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B3</td>
<td></td>
<td>a) Maintain vehicular and pedestrian access to hospital emergency departments at all times during construction and to other key health and medical facilities, where practicable.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Early Works Managing Contractor's Early Works Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B4</td>
<td></td>
<td>c) Prior to relevant works, develop a stop work contingency plan for Class 1 emergencies (as defined in the Emergency Management Act 2013) in consultation with medical institutions in the Parkville precinct in the event that Melbourne Metro construction works are required to cease as a result of any such emergency.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Emergency Response and Incident Management Plan - Parkville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td></td>
<td>a) Manage potential impacts to non-acquired businesses, commercial property owners and not-for-profit organisations.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which will include Business Engagement and Continuity Management Plan (Business Disruption Mitigation Plan) This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>C1</td>
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<td>b) Ensure appropriate engagement with local councils, businesses, property owners and the community throughout construction.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which will include Business Engagement and Continuity Management Plan (Business Disruption Mitigation Plan) This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>a) Manage potential impacts to non-acquired businesses, commercial property owners and not-for-profit organisations.</td>
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Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

Discipline: Historical Cultural heritage

EPR Ref: CH2

1. Undertake all underground service works beneath or within heritage places or tree protection zones (TPZs) for trees as part of heritage places to avoid, minimise and mitigate
impacts to the heritage fabric.

EPR Ref: CH9

2. Develop and implement a protocol for managing previously unidentified historical archaeological sites discovered during Project works.

EPR Ref: CH6

3. Before demolition or modification of heritage places, an archival recording is to be provided to the Victorian Heritage Register, the archival recording is to be lodged with the La Trobe Picture Collection, State Library of Victoria. Heritage Victoria for places in the VHR and the relevant local council for places included in the Heritage Overlay and approved in writing. Once approved, a copy of the recording is to be provided with the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

Note

1. Design permanent and temporary works to avoid or minimise impacts on the cultural heritage values of heritage places. Consult, as required, with Heritage Victoria and/or the relevant local council (as applicable).

2. Prior to commencement of works adjacent to heritage places, design permanent and temporary works to avoid or minimise impacts on the cultural heritage values of heritage places. Consult, as required, with Heritage Victoria and/or the relevant local council (as applicable).

Development Plan Response

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific controls identified are detailed in the Heritage Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with Heritage Victoria and the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific controls identified are detailed in the Heritage Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with Heritage Victoria and the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

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### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

**Author:** Sabrina Chapman  
**Reviewer:** Madonna Alford / Avera Beckett  
**Approver:** Mat Pool  
**Date:** 06/06/18

**Discipline**  
**EPR Ref**  
**Environmental Protection Requirements**  
**Development Plan Response**

<table>
<thead>
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<tr>
<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH21</td>
<td>Ensure no direct impact on heritage buildings on the Eastern Portal site in Kensington.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Western Portal Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH12</td>
<td>Retain and protect Longford Street pumping station as part of the design for the new substation.</td>
<td>The substation will be subject to a separate Development Plan process prior to any works commencing on the construction of this facility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH13</td>
<td>In consultation with Voilex, Heritage Victoria and/or the relevant local council, replace removed Elm trees in Royal Parade as part of Project delivery using appropriate species and re-establish the boulevard formation and heritage values.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH14</td>
<td>During detailed design ensure the eastern Parkville station entry is set no less than 8.10 metres from the original Gatekeeper's Cottage and an appropriate boundary treatment is retained or re-established for the heritage building.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH15</td>
<td>During detailed design for the CBD South station, consult with the City of Melbourne regarding the incorporation of the Charles Bush sculpture into the design for the new building on the Park Philip arcade site, preferably in a prominent position on the Winning Street facade.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.</td>
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<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH16</td>
<td>In the event that temporary or permanent relocation of the Butler and Mills Monument from the current site is required, resolve the final location of the monument in consultation with the City of Melbourne prior to the commencement of relevant works.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Historical Cultural Heritage</td>
<td>CH17</td>
<td>Integrate the Memorable pillars and cast iron fencing at the corner of Grattan Street and Royal Parade into the design for the station entry and surrounds in consultation with the University of Melbourne.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.</td>
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</table>
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH18 | Replace removed trees as part of Project delivery in accordance with relevant policy documents and to reinstate heritage values in consultation with the City of Melbourne, the City of Port Phillip, Heritage Victoria, the Shrine of Remembrance and Shrine Trustees (as applicable). Policy documents are as follows:  
- Any Conservation Management Plan adopted by those bodies, including: 
  - Domain Parkslands Conservation Management Plan (2016) and the Domain Parkslands Masterplan [when completed].  
- Heritage Victoria. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precincts Development Plan. |
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH19 | In consultation with Heritage Victoria, the City of Melbourne, the Shrine of Remembrance and Shrine Trustees (as applicable), review the siting and design of the eastern Domain station entry during detailed design to ensure it is as recessive as possible in this location and has only a limited presence on the frontage of the Shrine of Remembrance Reserve.  
- The design needs to allow for the maintenance of an appropriate setting to the Monsonian Robertsons Memorial Fountain. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precincts Development Plan. |
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH20 | Prior to demolishing the South African Soldiers Memorial, in consultation with City of Port Phillip and Heritage Victoria develop interpretive material to display in the precinct until the memorial is restored.  
- For detailed design, in consultation with City of Port Phillip and Heritage Victoria review the siting and design of the western Domain station entry to ensure the South African Soldiers Memorial and other components of the Albert Road Reserve retain their heritage values including an appropriate setting. If no appropriate setting can be established, consider options for relocation of the memorial as an alternative site. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Domain Precincts Development Plan. |
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH21 | In consultation with Voilex, Heritage Victoria and relevant local councils, replace any trees in St Kilda Road that must be removed in a manner which will re-establish the boulevard formation and reinstate heritage values.  
- Review the physical and visual impacts of new above ground structures and changes to the functional layout with input from Heritage Victoria, relevant local council, Voilex, Yarra Trams and PT/ST/VIP (Transport) in the Heritage Impact Statement (HIS). | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH22 | Retain and protect the Cross Street Electrical Substation in situ within or abutting proposed construction site. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD East Import Development Plan. |
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH23 | Assess that, where impacted by Project works, street fabric and infrastructure is conserved and/or accurately reconstructed in consultation with Heritage Victoria and the relevant local council. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |
| Historical Cultural Heritage | CH24 | Prior to commencement of main works, consider the construction noise and vibration pre-construction works and review the ground movement plan required by EPR GM12 (b) below. Identify heritage sites that may be vulnerable to damage from construction and identify appropriate mitigation measures to prevent damage to heritage places.  
- Prior to the commencement of main works:  
  - Conduct pre-construction condition surveys of heritage places identified as potentially vulnerable to damage to record structural condition and structural integrity.  
  - Conduct appropriate mitigation measures to prevent damage to heritage places in consultation with Heritage Victoria and the relevant local council (as applicable).  
  - Conduct vibration monitoring at the heritage places that may be vulnerable to damage to assess the actual impacts from construction works.  
- If the vibration monitoring demonstrates that a heritage place has been, or may be, damaged as a result of vibration, ground vibration must be reduced until the risk of vibration related damage is assessed as acceptable.  
- Construction techniques must also seek to limit, as far as practicable, ground movement to avoid causing damage to heritage places. | This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan. |
| **EMF** | **EMF** | Prior to commencement of Project works, prepare and implement an Environmental Management System (EMS) that is certified to ISO 14001:2015 Environmental Management Systems – requirements with guidance for use for construction and operation. | Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. Site specific controls are detailed in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and review by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction. |
Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific controls are detailed in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and review by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
### Groundwater and Land Stability

**Groundwater**

1. Conduct pre-construction condition surveys for the assets predicted to be affected by ground movement, including where a property owner reasonably expects to be potentially affected and has requested a pre-construction condition survey.
2. Develop and maintain a database of as-built and pre-construction condition information for each potentially affected structure identified as being in an susceptible to damage (see EPR GW1) or where a property owner has requested a pre-construction condition survey, specifically including:
   - Identification of structures/assets which may be susceptible to damage resulting from ground movement resulting from Melbourne Metro works.
   - Results of condition surveys of structures, pavements, significant utilities and parks to establish baseline condition and potential vulnerabilities.
   - Records of consultation with landowners in relation to the condition surveys.
   - Post-construction stage condition surveys conducted, where required, to ascertain if any damage has occurred as a result of Melbourne Metro.
3. Share pre- and post-condition assessments and records of consultation with the property owner.
4. Ensure all stakeholder engagement activities are undertaken in accordance with the Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan.

**Ground Movement**

1. Design and construct the permanent structures and temporary works to limit ground movements to within appropriate acceptability criteria to be determined in consultation with relevant stakeholders, local councils and land managers, and which build upon the assumptions for criteria presented in the SEZ for vertical, horizontal, and angular performance as appropriate for Project activities during the construction and operational phases. In the design of the works and the planning of construction and mitigations, incorporate the findings of investigations reported in the ISS and subsequent relevant investigations.
2. In the case of existing, registered groundwater bore users, for the assessment of tolerable groundwater drawdown criteria, the drawdown level should not exceed the point where the groundwater can be replenished by the natural hydrological processes.
3. For properties and assets affected by ground movement, undertake any required repair works or other actions as agreed with the landowner. For places on the VHR, include aspect-specific control measures detailed in the Spoil Management Plan and the Design Management Plans will include a Groundwater Management Plan and Ground Movement Management Plan, which is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
4. Prior to commencement of shaft construction and prior to commencement of main works, develop and maintain geological and groundwater model(s) (as per EPR GW2) for the project area, which:
   - Use monitored ground movement and groundwater levels prior to construction to identify pre-existing movement.
   - Inform tunnel design and the construction techniques to be applied for the various geological and groundwater conditions.
   - Assess potential drawdown and identify trigger levels for implementing additional mitigation measures to minimise potential primary consolidation settlement.
   - Assess potential ground movement effects from excavation and identify trigger levels for implementing additional mitigation measures to minimise potential ground movement effects.
   - Keep records of monitoring report during construction, and report any significant movements to the independent reviewer.
5. Identify techniques for limiting settlement of buildings and protecting buildings from damage, where these may apply to heritage places and where a trigger level set by the Independent Environmental Auditor does not exceed 30 millimetres.
6. Develop and maintain a data base of as-built and pre-construction condition information for each potentially affected structure identified as being in an area susceptible to deformation as appropriate for Project activities during the construction and operational phases. In the design of the works and the planning of construction and mitigations, incorporate the findings of investigations reported in the ISS and subsequent relevant investigations.
7. Conduct pre-construction condition surveys for the assets predicted to be affected by ground movement, including where a property owner reasonably expects to be potentially affected and has requested a pre-construction condition survey.
8. Design and construct the permanent structures and temporary works to limit ground movements to within appropriate acceptability criteria to be determined in consultation with relevant stakeholders, local councils and land managers, and which build upon the assumptions for criteria presented in the SEZ for vertical, horizontal, and angular performance as appropriate for Project activities during the construction and operational phases. In the design of the works and the planning of construction and mitigations, incorporate the findings of investigations reported in the ISS and subsequent relevant investigations.
9. For properties and assets affected by ground movement, undertake any required repair works or other actions as agreed with the landowner. For places on the VHR, include aspect-specific control measures detailed in the Spoil Management Plan and the Design Management Plans will include a Groundwater Management Plan and Ground Movement Management Plan, which is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

**Cross Yarra Partnership**

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Ground Movement Management Plan, which is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
## Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Groundwater Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Groundwater

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<tr>
<td>Groundwater</td>
<td>GWS</td>
<td>1. Prior to commencement of site development and prior to commencement of relevant works, develop and implement a Groundwater Management Plan (GWMP) for each Works Package that details sufficient monitoring of groundwater levels to verify that no significant impacts occur from potential groundwater drawdown caused by construction activities.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Groundwater Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>Groundwater</td>
<td>GWS</td>
<td>2. The GWMP must be based on the detailed design stage groundwater model, and should include the following details: a) Approach to collection, treatment and disposal of groundwater collected during construction in accordance with the EPA Groundwater Disposal Strategy. b) Methods for minimizing drawdown in areas of known PAG and establishing appropriate monitoring networks to confirm the effectiveness of approach. c) Methods for minimizing drawdown at existing recharge bores, and establishing appropriate monitoring networks to measure the effectiveness of mitigation. d) Groundwater drawdown trigger levels for groundwater dependent values at which additional mitigation measures must be adopted.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>Groundwater</td>
<td>GWS</td>
<td>3. The GWMP must be developed in consultation with EPA and relevant water authorities.</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Groundwater</td>
<td>GWS</td>
<td>4. The GWMP should also address EPA’s sustainability requirements where appropriate.</td>
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### Land Use and Planning

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<td>Land Use and Planning</td>
<td>LUS</td>
<td>1. Prior to commencement of relevant works, develop and implement a plan for construction and operation of the Project that has as its purpose monitoring impacts on existing land uses during both early works and main works, including: a) Limiting the extent of any permanent change of use within existing public open space.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Groundwater Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>b) Minimising the footprints of construction areas and any permanent infrastructure which is to be located on public land.</td>
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<td>Land Use and Planning</td>
<td>LUS</td>
<td>c) Locating and designing all Project works to avoid, to the extent practicable, any temporary and permanent loss of public open space to maximise the re-instatement potential of any lost public open space.</td>
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<td>Land Use and Planning</td>
<td>LUS</td>
<td>d) Minimising impacts to existing public open spaces and recreational facilities and the uses of these facilities, including (but not limited to): i) Holland Park, University Square, the Melbourne City Baths, City Square, Federation Square, the Shrine of Remembrance and the Shrine Reserve, Domain Parklands, Edmond-Henry Memorial Oval, and the Albert Road Reserve.</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Land Use and Planning</td>
<td>LUS</td>
<td>e) Minimising the impacts to existing residential areas by locating new above ground infrastructure, such as electrical substations in appropriate locations considering adjoining properties and exploring the co-location of rail infrastructure facilities where practicable.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Land Use and Planning</td>
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<td>f) Ensuring residents are notified in advance of works in accordance with EPRs SC4 and SC10.</td>
<td></td>
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<td>g) An approach identified in consultation with the EPA so that contaminant migration causes no significant impacts on beneficial uses or vapour intrusion into residential buildings.</td>
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<td>Land Use and Planning</td>
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<td>h) The approach to defining key stakeholders is to be outlined in the Community and Stakeholder Engagement Framework (see EPR SC3).</td>
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<td>i) The approach to defining key stakeholders is to be outlined in the Community and Stakeholder Engagement Framework (see EPR SC3).</td>
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<td>l) The approach to defining key stakeholders is to be outlined in the Community and Stakeholder Engagement Framework (see EPR SC3).</td>
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## Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

**Author:** Sabrina Chapman  
**Checker:** Madeleine Aitken / Jenna Beckett  
**Date:** 06-06-18
Prior to commencement of relevant works, develop and implement a plan for the design of permanent and temporary works, including temporary landscaping, in consultation with relevant local councils and the Office of Victorian Government Architect to comply with the Melbourne Metro Urban Design Strategy. Avoid or minimise, to the extent practicable, visual impacts in both duration and intensity on sensitive receptors and heritage places, and maintain broader landscape character and heritage precinct values, in particular relating to:
- | Tunnel: Queen Victoria Gardens, Tom's Block.

| Parkville Station: University of Melbourne, Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Royal Melbourne Hospital, University Square.
| CBS North Station: SMART University, the State Library and State Library Forecourt, City Baths, and A'Beckett Street open space.
| CBS South Station: St Paul's Cathedral, Federation Square, City Square, Flanders Street Station, Young and Jackson Hotel.
| Domain Station: The Shrine of Remembrance, Shrine of Remembrance Reserve, St Kilda Road, Albert Road Reserve, Domain Parklands.
| Eastern Portal: South Yarra Sillings Reserve, Osborne Street, Lowes Walk Pedestrian Walk.
| Existing habitat corridors within and proximate to Moonee Ponds Creek. If the alternate subsidence site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

Consult with University of Melbourne in relation to location and design of station entries on University land.

Develop and implement a plan in consultation with the Office of Victorian Government Architect, local councils and other land managers to comply with the Melbourne Metro Urban Design Strategy to re-establish and enhance public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturbed by temporary works. Some of these are heritage places and further consultation will be required.

The plan must include:
- | 3. The model must consider airborne noise to residential and non-residential receivers, ground-borne noise at residences, blasting vibration and ground-borne vibration.

3. Where temporary works on public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturb trees in these locations, the plan must be consistent with measures proposed under plans and actions required under EPRA1, 2, 3 and 4 regarding re-establishment of trees.

b) The plan should include a scheme for re-establishment of public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturbed by temporary works and should also include opportunities for renewal of public spaces for the benefit of communities beyond resident groups, including visitors, business owners and operators.

Develop and implement a plan to consider the use of temporary landscape and other temporary features or structures during construction. Temporary landscape treatments or features should be reused across the project, where appropriate.

The re-establishment of public open space is presented in Section 4.4.5 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Urban Design Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

The Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

This is relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans, for operations and noise and vibration consultation requirements.

This Development Plan makes the following habitat corridors, if the alternate substation site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

- | f) Domain Station: The Shrine of Remembrance, Shrine of Remembrance Reserve, St Kilda Road, Albert Road Reserve, Domain Parklands.
| g) Eastern Portal: South Yarra Sillings Reserve, Osborne Street, Lowes Walk Pedestrian Walk.
| h) Existing habitat corridors within and proximate to Moonee Ponds Creek. If the alternate subsidence site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

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Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Urban Design Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

The Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans, for operations and noise and vibration consultation requirements.

This Development Plan makes the following habitat corridors, if the alternate substation site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

- | f) Domain Station: The Shrine of Remembrance, Shrine of Remembrance Reserve, St Kilda Road, Albert Road Reserve, Domain Parklands.
| g) Eastern Portal: South Yarra Sillings Reserve, Osborne Street, Lowes Walk Pedestrian Walk.
| h) Existing habitat corridors within and proximate to Moonee Ponds Creek. If the alternate subsidence site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

Consult with University of Melbourne in relation to location and design of station entries on University land.

Develop and implement a plan in consultation with the Office of Victorian Government Architect, local councils and other land managers to comply with the Melbourne Metro Urban Design Strategy to re-establish and enhance public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturbed by temporary works. Some of these are heritage places and further consultation will be required.

The plan must include:
- | 3. The model must consider airborne noise to residential and non-residential receivers, ground-borne noise at residences, blasting vibration and ground-borne vibration.

3. Where temporary works on public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturb trees in these locations, the plan must be consistent with measures proposed under plans and actions required under EPRA1, 2, 3 and 4 regarding re-establishment of trees.

b) The plan should include a scheme for re-establishment of public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturbed by temporary works and should also include opportunities for renewal of public spaces for the benefit of communities beyond resident groups, including visitors, business owners and operators.

Develop and implement a plan to consider the use of temporary landscape and other temporary features or structures during construction. Temporary landscape treatments or features should be reused across the project, where appropriate.

The re-establishment of public open space is presented in Section 4.4.5 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Urban Design Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

The Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South and Domain Precinct Development Plans, for operations and noise and vibration consultation requirements.

This Development Plan makes the following habitat corridors, if the alternate substation site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

- | f) Domain Station: The Shrine of Remembrance, Shrine of Remembrance Reserve, St Kilda Road, Albert Road Reserve, Domain Parklands.
| g) Eastern Portal: South Yarra Sillings Reserve, Osborne Street, Lowes Walk Pedestrian Walk.
| h) Existing habitat corridors within and proximate to Moonee Ponds Creek. If the alternate subsidence site adjacent to the Moonee Ponds Creek is selected.

Consult with University of Melbourne in relation to location and design of station entries on University land.

Develop and implement a plan in consultation with the Office of Victorian Government Architect, local councils and other land managers to comply with the Melbourne Metro Urban Design Strategy to re-establish and enhance public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturbed by temporary works. Some of these are heritage places and further consultation will be required.

The plan must include:
- | 3. The model must consider airborne noise to residential and non-residential receivers, ground-borne noise at residences, blasting vibration and ground-borne vibration.

3. Where temporary works on public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturb trees in these locations, the plan must be consistent with measures proposed under plans and actions required under EPRA1, 2, 3 and 4 regarding re-establishment of trees.

b) The plan should include a scheme for re-establishment of public open space, recreation reserves and other valued places disturbed by temporary works and should also include opportunities for renewal of public spaces for the benefit of communities beyond resident groups, including visitors, business owners and operators.

Develop and implement a plan to consider the use of temporary landscape and other temporary features or structures during construction. Temporary landscape treatments or features should be reused across the project, where appropriate.

The re-establishment of public open space is presented in Section 4.4.5 of the Eastern Portal Development Plan.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Urban Design Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
Discipline | EPR Ref | Environmental Protection Requirements | Development Plan Response
--- | --- | --- | ---
Noise and Vibration | MV4 | Noise and Vibration Monitoring | Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

1. Prior to commencement of relevant works, each Works Package must prepare and implement a communications plan to advise all potentially affected community stakeholders and land owners regarding potential noise and vibration impacts. The plan must include procedures for complaint management as per SC3. In developing the plans, consult with relevant local councils, EPA Victoria, the Pearlite Precinct Reference Group and RMIT University and other project reference groups, as appropriate. (See EPRs SC4 and SC1).

2. If construction exceeds the internal noise levels above: a) Is predicted to or does exceed the Guideline Noise Levels at residential locations as specified in EPA Publication 1254 (see table in EPRs) during Normal Working Hours, the NVMP must address noise levels that exceed the Management Levels specified in Table EPR NV21A.

3. The model developed during the Design Stage should be updated / calibrated using the results of the noise and vibration monitoring to provide more accurate predictions of the noise and vibration levels associated with ongoing and future construction works. It may be appropriate to adjust management measures as a result of the more accurate predictions.

(For heritage places see EPR CH24).

Noise and Vibration | MV5 |  | Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

1. Monitor vibration during construction to demonstrate compliance with the relevant vibration guideline targets under MV8 or those agreed with the asset owners. Take remedial management actions if vibration levels marginally exceeding those in the Table would not necessarily mean that damage would occur and further investigation would be required to determine if higher vibration levels can be accommodated without risk of damage.

2. Prior to commencement of project works, each Works Package must prepare and implement a communications plan to advise all potentially affected community stakeholders and land owners regarding potential noise and vibration impacts. The plan must include procedures for complaint management as per SC3. In developing the plans, consult with relevant local councils, EPA Victoria, the Pearlite Precinct Reference Group and RMIT University and other project reference groups, as appropriate. (See EPRs SC4 and SC1).

(3) Long-term vibration means vibration events that may result in a resonant structural response.

(4) For civil engineering structures (e.g. with reinforced concrete constructions used as abutments or foundation pads) the DIN 4150 guideline targets for Type 1 buildings in the table above may be increased by a factor of 2.

(5) Short-term vibration is defined as vibration which does not occur often enough to cause structural fatigue and which does not produce resonance in the structure being evaluated.

(6) Where land owners agree, pre-construction condition surveys must be performed at all properties located within designated Project Area where it is predicted that DIN 4150 guideline targets for Type 1 buildings in the table above may be increased by a factor of 2.

Noise and Vibration | MV7 | Abnormal Construction Noise Guideline Targets (External) | Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

1. Implement management actions if construction noise is predicted to or does exceed the Guideline Noise Levels at residential locations as specified in EPA Publication 1254 (see table in EPRs) during Normal Working Hours.

2. If construction exceeds the internal noise levels above:
   a) Consider the duration of construction noise.
   b) Consider the relevant ambient noise levels.
   c) Consult with the owner or operator of the noise sensitive receptor.
   d) Consider any specific acoustic requirements of specialist space to determine whether a noise sensitive receptor within a Sensitive Area is adversely impacted and, if so, whether further management actions are required. (See EPR NV21A, subclause B).

3. The model developed during the Design Stage should be updated / calibrated using the results of the noise and vibration monitoring to provide more accurate predictions of the noise and vibration levels associated with ongoing and future construction works. It may be appropriate to adjust management measures as a result of the more accurate predictions.

(For heritage places see EPR CH24).

Noise and Vibration | NV6 | Vibration Guideline Targets for Structures | Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

1. Implement management actions if, due to construction activity, the following DIN 4150 Guideline Targets for structural damage to buildings (for short term vibration or long term vibration) are not achieved. See EPRs for table NV6-1: Short term vibration on structures.

   a) Subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

   b) Consider the relevant ambient noise levels.

   c) Consult with the owner or operator of the noise sensitive receptor.

   d) Considering any specific acoustic requirements of specialist space to determine whether a noise sensitive receptor within a Sensitive Area is adversely impacted and, if so, whether further management actions are required.

   e) See EPA for table NV6-2: Long term vibration on structures.

Noise and Vibration | NV8 | Vibration Guideline Targets for Movement, Activity and Infrastructure | Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

1. Prior to commencement of relevant works, undertake condition assessments of above ground utility assets and infrastructure, including (but not limited to) the Arden Street Bridge and Princess Bridge, to establish construction vibration limits in consultation with asset owners.

2. Monitor vibration during construction to demonstrate compliance with the relevant vibration guideline targets under NV8 or those agreed with the asset owners. Take remedial action if limits are not met. (See EPRs CH24 and CH34).
### Noise and Vibration

#### NV10

1. **Vibration Guideline Targets for Below-ground Infrastructure**
   - Prior to commencement of relevant works, undertake condition assessments of below-ground infrastructure, including but not limited to Swanton Street Brick Drain and River Street Drain, to establish construction vibration targets with the asset owner.
   - Implement management actions if agreed construction vibration targets (or if no specific targets have been established following the DIN 4150 Guideline Targets for buried pipework/underground infrastructure) from construction are not achieved.
   - See EPR Table

   **Notes**
   - (1) The DIN 4150 Guideline Targets may be reduced by 30% when evaluating the effects of long-term vibration on buried pipework.
   - (2) The DIN 4150 Guideline Targets are based on the assumption that piles have been manufactured and laid using current technology (however it is noted that the guidance is not valid for the majority of buried pipelines potentially affected by Melbourne Metro).
   - (3) Compliance with asset owner’s utility standards is to be advised.

#### NV11

1. **Noise and Vibration Noise (dBN) (Migrant Conflict)**
   - Implement management actions if predicted exceedances are expected to exceed the relevant target.
   - Monitoring must be undertaken in accordance with equipment specifications to demonstrate compliance, and monitoring locations determined in consultation with operators of sensitive equipment (see EPR NV21).

   **Notes**
   - (1) The Guideline Targets are non-modifiable; they are goals that should be sought to be achieved through the application of feasible and reasonable mitigation measures. If exceeded, management actions would be required.
   - (2) The VDs may be converted to PPVs within a future noise and vibration construction management plan under EPR NV21.

#### NV12

1. **Equipment Guideline Targets**
   - For Construction: Implement management actions which may include source mitigation if equipment manufacturer specifications, measured background levels or other agreed levels (after consultation with the affected organisation) whichever are higher, are expected to be or are exceeded for vibration sensitive equipment at the Parkville and CBD North precincts.
   - For Operation: If the manufacturer’s specification or measured background levels (whichever are higher) or other agreed levels (after consultation and agreement from the affected organisation) are predicted to be exceeded, assess practicable mitigation to reduce the vibration levels to the relevant target.

   **Notes**
   - (1) Implementation management actions are defined as consultation with potentially affected land owners to protect amenity at residences, sleeping areas in hospital wards, student accommodation and hotel rooms where ground-borne noise levels may reasonably limit the usage of the spaces (e.g. lecture theatres).
   - (2) The DIN 4150 Guideline Targets are based on the assumption that pipes have been manufactured and laid using current technology (however it is noted that this is not the case for the majority of buried pipelines potentially affected by Melbourne Metro).

#### NV13

1. **Ground-borne (internal) Noise Guideline Targets for Amenity**
   - Implement management actions as agreed with potentially affected land owners to protect amenity at residences, sleeping areas in hospital wards, student accommodation and hotel rooms where ground-borne noise levels may reasonably limit the usage of the spaces (e.g. lecture theatres).

   **Notes**
   - (1) Levels are only applicable when ground-borne noise levels are higher than airborne noise levels.
   - (2) The noise levels are assessed at the centre of the most affected habitable room.
   - (3) Management actions include extensive community consultation to determine acceptable level of disruption and provision of adequate accommodation in some circumstances.
   - (4) The levels of the Night and Evening periods are shown to protect amenity and sleep. Alternative and day time targets may be determined in consultation with potentially affected organisation.

#### NV15

1. **Bio-Resources and Sensitive Research**
   - Implement management actions where the following guideline targets (based on Code of Practice for the Housing and Care of Laboratory Mice and Rats – Laboratory Animal Industries Victoria, 2004) are expected to be or are exceeded for areas housing bio-resources:
     - (a) Background noise should be below 50 dBN (internal) and should be free of distinct tones.
     - (b) Short exposure should be less than 85 dBL (internal).
     - (c) Compliance with asset owner's utility standards is to be advised.

   **Notes**
   - (1) The nominated levels are guideline targets for both construction and operation.
   - (2) The levels above should take into consideration the limited frequency range associated with hearing for the bio-resource under consideration.
   - (3) Levels may be acceptable if it can be shown that the bio-resource under consideration is exposed to higher levels and is not adversely impacted by them.
   - (4) Noise includes airborne and ground-borne noise at the sensitive receptors.
   - (5) Consider the existing ambient noise levels when assessing predicted exceedances.
   - (6) During the construction phase, a continuous monitoring program must be implemented in accordance with EPR NV21.
   - (7) Consideration should be given to adopting a vibration limit in agreement with the RVP and stakeholders.
## Environmental Performance Requirement Assessment

### Cross Yarra Partnership

**Discipline** | **EPR Ref** | **Environmental Protection Requirements** | **Development Plan Response**
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Noise and Vibration | NV16 | Noise and Vibration Monitoring  
(a) Identify a suitably qualified acoustic and vibration consultant to predict and assess operational noise and vibration and determine practicable mitigation measures necessary to achieve the EPRs.  
(b) The acoustic and vibration consultant must prepare an Operation Noise and Vibration Report for review by the Independent Environmental Auditor, which documents the predictions and mitigation measures.  
| | Noise and Vibration | NV17 | Passenger Rail Infrastructure Noise Policy (PRINP)  
(1) Avoid, minimise or mitigate rail noise where the following PRINP (April 2013) Investigation Thresholds are exceeded during operation:  
See table in EPRs for targets  
Notes:  
(i) If an investigation shows that the Investigation Thresholds are not exceeded, then no further action is considered under the PRINP.  
(ii) The barrier thresholds of the PRINP are to be used as the design targets for the barrier heights and configuration.  
(iii) The investigation thresholds cannot be achieved with the installation of barriers or other off-reservation treatment then off-reservation treatment such as upgrades to residential building façades must be considered.  
(iv) Noise from fixed plant associated with the Melbourne Metro Project must not exceed the existing background levels within these spaces at the commencement of operation.  
| | Noise and Vibration | NV18 | Noise from Fixed Plant  
(1) Where SEPI N.1 does not apply, comply with the internal satisfactory recommended design sound levels as defined in AS/NZS 2107 for the following sensitive areas:  
- Teaching spaces  
- Laboratories  
- Conference rooms  
- Libraries  
- Music studios  
- Operating Theatres / Surgeries  
- Wards / Recliners  
- Performance space / Galleries  
- Places of worship  
Notes:  
(i) The Investigation Thresholds for noise from fixed plant are to be used as the design targets for noise from fixed plant.  
| | Noise and Vibration | NV19 | Guideline Noise Targets for Operation  
(1) Where operational rail infrastructure noise Guideline Target levels, as shown in the table below (based on NSW EPR Rail Infrastructure Noise Guideline, May 2013), are exceeded for a sensitive land use, assess and implement practicable mitigation to reduce the noise level so that it either meets or achieves noise levels as close as practicable to the Guideline Target.  
See table in EPRs for trigger levels  
Notes:  
(i) Specific noise levels refer to noise from heavy or light rail transportation only (not ambient noise from other sources).  
(ii) Assessment location is internal noise level to the point of the most affected habitable room.  
(iii) LAmax refers to the maximum noise level not exceeded for 95% of the rail pass-by events.  
(iv) For schools, educational institutions, places of worship the lower value of the range is most applicable where low internal noise levels are expected.  
(v) The values for performing arts spaces may need to be reassessed to address the specific requirements of a venue.  
| | Noise and Vibration | NV20 | Vibration Guideline Targets for Operation  
(1) During operation, achieve the following guideline targets (based on Table 3 in BS6472-1:2008) (background levels whichever is higher) for vibration as follows:  
See EPR for further details of mitigation measures.  
Notes:  
(i) The Guideline Targets are not mandatory, they are goals that should be sought to be achieved through the application of feasible and reasonable mitigation measures.  
(ii) Compliance with these values implies no structural damage due to operation.  

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project's Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
**Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Assessment**

**Discipline** | **EPR Ref** | **Environmental Protection Requirements** | **Development Plan Response**
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Noise and Vibration | NV21 | 1. Prior to commencement of project works, each Works Package contractor must develop and implement a Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP) in consultation with EPA Victoria and the relevant councils. The CNVMP must comply with and address Noise and Vibration EPRs, be informed by the modelling undertaken by the acoustic and vibration consultant in accordance with EPA NV2 and must include (but not be limited to):
   a) Identification of sensitive receivers along Melbourne Metro’s alignment.
   b) Details of construction activities and an indicative schedule for construction works, including the identification of key noise and/or vibration generating construction activities (based on representative construction scenarios, including at auxiliary facilities) that have the potential to generate noise and/or vibration impacts on surrounding sensitive receivers;
   c) Identification of noise and/or vibration management actions to be implemented if predicted noise or vibration levels exceed the guideline targets identified in NV12 or NV15.
   d) All management actions to be reported to the project’s Independent Reviewer.

   - **Note**
     - Noise levels based on the NSW Interim Construction Noise Guideline 2009
     - In addition to the Management Levels shown in Table NV21-A, the Guideline Targets shown in EPRs NV6 and NV17 are to be adopted and addressed in the CNVMP.

   2. The CNVMP must include the following:
   a) Construction Noise Management Levels during Normal Working Hours
   - The CNVMP must adapt daytime Management Levels for airborne noise at residences during normal working hours as defined in EPR NV6 in accordance with Table NV21-A.
   - The Management Levels in Table NV21-A are not a noise limit or target, but represents noise levels above which community reaction may be adverse and which should trigger management actions to minimize the noise impact.
   - See EPA for table NV21-A: Construction Noise Management Levels during Normal Working
   - Noise
   - For noise levels based on the NSW Interim Construction Noise Guideline 2009.

   3. Identification of reasonable and practicable measures to be implemented to manage construction noise impacts in accordance with EPA Publication 1254 Noise Control Guidelines.
   - Noise levels for construction work hours as per EPA Publication 1254 as shown in NV21-A.

   4. Any management actions to be implemented if predicted noise levels exceed, for an extended period of time, the guideline targets specified in EPRs NV6 or NV17 or the Management Levels in Table NV21-A.

   - Measures to be implemented in accordance with the NV12 Residential Impact Mitigation Guidelines (including but not limited to) mitigation measures for out of hours works (including a ‘avoidable works’ where predicted noise levels exceed the noise levels specified in the Residential Impact Mitigation Guidelines).

   - Identification of any alternative vibration guideline targets to those specified in EPR NV6, NV10 or NV10/12 deemed necessary and/or to protect the structural integrity of structures based on pre-construction condition surveys, undertaken in accordance with CH24, GM10 and NV9 (or as otherwise required to assess the impact of vibration on structures along the alignment).

   - Identification of practicable measures to be implemented to manage construction vibration impacts in accordance with the vibration guideline targets for structures specified in NV6, or otherwise determined in accordance with NV6.

   - Construction vibration limits for above ground utility assets determined in accordance with EPR NV6.

   - Vibration guideline targets for below ground infrastructure specified in, or otherwise determined in accordance with NV10.

   - Any management actions to be implemented if predicted vibration levels exceed the guideline targets specified in EPRs NV8, NV9, or NV11.

   - Specific heritage measures where relevant in accordance with EPRs CH1 and CH10.

   - Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The project-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

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**Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The project-specific control measures are identified in the Noise and Vibration Management Plan with site-specific controls in the Site Environmental Implementation Plan. This is reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.**
### Noise and Vibration

#### NV1.1 Monitoring
1. Baseline and construction noise and vibration monitoring locations
2. Specific measures, to be determined following consultation with relevant stakeholders, with respect to sensitive equipment and biological resources (which must, where practicable, continue construction monitoring during the works);
3. How the results of monitoring would be recorded, reported, and interpreted.

#### NV1.2 Noise and Vibration

1. RPV must develop a Community and Stakeholder Engagement Framework to outline the principles and approach to advising key stakeholders and other potentially affected community groups.
2. The CSEMF must provide for any interested stakeholder to be able to register their contact details to the Project webpage to ensure they are included and automatically advised of planned construction activities, Project progress, mitigation measures and intended reinstatement measures where applicable.
3. The CSEMF must be approved by the Minister for Planning prior to the commencement of early works.
4. The CSEMF must document a complaints management process in accordance with EPR EMF4.

#### NV2.1 Noise and Vibration

1. Prior to commencement of relevant works in areas affected, develop a relocation management framework that responds to the Residential Impact Mitigation Guidelines to ensure a consistent approach across the Project for the voluntary (temporary) relocation of households subject to:
2. Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which are subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
3. Approval for planned unavoidable works can only be granted by the Independent Environmental Auditor and details of unavoidable works including the type of work, equipment to be used and duration of works must be made publicly available.
4. Approval for planned unavoidable works can only be granted by the Independent Environmental Auditor.
5. How the results of monitoring would be recorded, reported, and interpreted.

### Social and Community

#### SC1

1. The Project's Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Framework must outline the principles and approach to advising key stakeholders and other potentially affected stakeholders across the Project of the construction activities.
2. The CSEMF will inform the CSEMF prepared by each contract works package.
3. Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System, Construction Environmental Management Plan and Operational Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which are subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.
4. The CSEMF must document a complaints management process in accordance with EPR EMF4.
5. The CSEMF must be approved by the Minister for Planning prior to the commencement of early works.

### Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Framework (CSEMF)

1. RPV must develop a Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Framework (CSEMF) to outline the principles and approach to advising key stakeholders and other potentially affected stakeholders across the Project of the construction activities.
2. The CSEMF will identify all stages of works including early works and main works for all contract works packages.
3. The CSEMF must inform the CSEMF prepared by each contract works package.
4. The CSEMF must provide for any interested stakeholder to be able to register their contact details to the Project webpage to ensure they are included and automatically advised of planned construction activities, Project progress, mitigation measures and intended reinstatement measures where applicable.
5. The CSEMF must document a complaints management process in accordance with EPR EMF4.
6. The CSEMF must be approved by the Minister for Planning prior to the commencement of early works.
## Development Plan Response

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which include sub-plans, such as Business Engagement and Continuity Management Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

### Environmental Performance Requirement assessment


1. Prior to commencement of Project works, each works package contractor must develop and implement a Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan (CSEMP) in accordance with the CCSEMP, to engage potentially affected stakeholders individually or through groups such as the Project Reference Groups. The CSEMP should advise potentially affected stakeholders of the planned construction activities, Project progress, mitigation measures and intended reinstatement measures where applicable.

2. The CCSEMP should integrate all Project activities that potentially impact on community and business operations as well as provide for and direct a well-coordinated communication and engagement process. The plan must include:
   - a) Measures to minimise impacts to the development and/or operation of existing facilities including ensuring replacement power, network or other utility services are provided, if necessary and where practicable, where any disruption to such service is likely.
   - b) Measures for providing advance notice of significant milestones, changed traffic conditions, interruptions to utility services, changed access and parking conditions, periods of predicted high noise and vibration activities.
   - c) Measures for communicating the design and results from environmental monitoring programs (e.g. vibration, noise, dust, ground movement).
   - d) Process for informing landowners about pre-condition property surveys (as stated in EPA QM and RIS).
   - e) Process for notifying key stakeholders and the public of the release of early works plans or development plans for public inspection and comment.
   - g) Measures to address any other matters which are of concern to potentially affected stakeholders through the construction of the Project.

3. The plan must consider each precinct and station location in detail. Stakeholders to be consulted relevant to each precinct and considered in the plan include:
   - a) Local councils
   - b) Land managers
   - c) Potentially affected residents
   - d) Potentially affected businesses
   - e) Recreation, sporting and community groups and facilities
   - f) Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Peter Doherty Institute and other health and medical facilities
   - g) The University of Melbourne
   - h) RMIT University
   - i) Melbourne Grammar School
   - j) Other public facilities in proximity.

4. The plan must consider each precinct and station location in detail. Stakeholders to be consulted relevant to each precinct and considered in the plan include:
   - a) Local councils
   - b) Land managers
   - c) Potentially affected residents
   - d) Potentially affected businesses
   - e) Recreation, sporting and community groups and facilities
   - f) Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Peter Doherty Institute and other health and medical facilities
   - g) The University of Melbourne
   - h) RMIT University
   - i) Melbourne Grammar School
   - j) Other public facilities in proximity.

5. The plan must consider each precinct and station location in detail. Stakeholders to be consulted relevant to each precinct and considered in the plan include:
   - a) Local councils
   - b) Land managers
   - c) Potentially affected residents
   - d) Potentially affected businesses
   - e) Recreation, sporting and community groups and facilities
   - f) Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Peter Doherty Institute and other health and medical facilities
   - g) The University of Melbourne
   - h) RMIT University
   - i) Melbourne Grammar School
   - j) Other public facilities in proximity.

6. The plan must consider each precinct and station location in detail. Stakeholders to be consulted relevant to each precinct and considered in the plan include:
   - a) Local councils
   - b) Land managers
   - c) Potentially affected residents
   - d) Potentially affected businesses
   - e) Recreation, sporting and community groups and facilities
   - f) Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Peter Doherty Institute and other health and medical facilities
   - g) The University of Melbourne
   - h) RMIT University
   - i) Melbourne Grammar School
   - j) Other public facilities in proximity.

7. The plan must consider each precinct and station location in detail. Stakeholders to be consulted relevant to each precinct and considered in the plan include:
   - a) Local councils
   - b) Land managers
   - c) Potentially affected residents
   - d) Potentially affected businesses
   - e) Recreation, sporting and community groups and facilities
   - f) Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Peter Doherty Institute and other health and medical facilities
   - g) The University of Melbourne
   - h) RMIT University
   - i) Melbourne Grammar School
   - j) Other public facilities in proximity.

#### Social and Community

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>1C4</td>
<td>Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan (CSEMP)</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which include sub-plans, such as Business Engagement and Continuity Management Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>Social and Community</td>
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<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Social and Community</td>
<td>1C6</td>
<td>Work with relevant local councils to plan for and coordinate with key stakeholders during major public events. This should include, but not be limited to:</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which include sub-plans, such as Special Events Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>Social and Community</td>
<td>1C7</td>
<td>In consultation with the relevant local councils, develop a relocation strategy for sports clubs and other formal users of directly impacted recreational facilities. This strategy should aim to identify available local alternative facilities for formal recreational uses displaced from recreational facilities by the Project. This strategy should avoid displacing existing uses at alternative facilities and provide adequate notification to stakeholders to minimise the impact of relocation.</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which include sub-plans, such as Special Events Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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<td>Social and Community</td>
<td>1C8</td>
<td>In consultation with relevant local councils and key stakeholders, and in accordance with the Melbourne Metro Urban Design Strategy, relevant statutory approval and other relevant restraints, consider significant opportunities to improve community access to open or recreational space within the CBD by identifying potential opportunities to return as much land as possible used for construction to permanent public open space at City Square and Federation Square. Re-establish sites impacted by construction works, to be generally in accordance with adopted open space master plans, and conservation management plans (where appropriate), including: - Burwood Gardens Reserve - William Alfred Park (City Square) - Federation Square - The southern entrance of the proposed CBD South station - St Kilda Road Boulevard - Edward Herriott Memorial Oval - Dobie Street Reserve - South Yarra Sidings Reserve - Lowen Walk - A’Beckett Street open space - The South African Soldiers Memorial (See EPRs LV1, LV2 and LV2).</td>
<td>Public open space at the Eastern Portal is presented in sections 4.3.3 and 4.4.6 of the Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social and Community</td>
<td>1C9</td>
<td>Prior to commencement of Project works, each works package contractor must develop and implement a Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan (CSEMP) in accordance with the CCSEMP, to engage potentially affected stakeholders individually or through groups such as the Project Reference Groups. The CSEMP should advise potentially affected stakeholders of the planned construction activities, Project progress, mitigation measures and intended reinstatement measures where applicable.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social and Community</td>
<td>1C10</td>
<td>Prior to commencement of relevant works, provide written notice to adjoining landholders of any works to be undertaken, the duration of those works, what local impacts might occur and contact details for further information.</td>
<td>This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.</td>
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#### Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

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#### Notes

- Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which include sub-plans, such as Business Engagement and Continuity Management Plan. These plans will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

- Public open space at the Eastern Portal is presented in sections 4.3.3 and 4.4.6 of the Development Plan.

- This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD South Precinct Development Plan.

- This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

- This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the Parkville Precinct Development Plan.

- This is not relevant to the Eastern Portal. Refer to the CBD North Precinct Development Plan.
Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

Social and Community

Prior to commencement of relevant works, for all Precincts, with the exception of the western tunnels, design permanent and temporary works and, if necessary, develop and implement emergency flood management measures for the tunnels, tunnel portals, access shafts, station entrances and Arden electrical substation to provide appropriate protection against floodwaters and overflow from stormwater flows.

The design of these works must be informed by a flood incidence risk assessment that considers a range of events, to the requirements and satisfaction of Melbourne Water and/or the relevant council.

The flood incidence risk assessment referred to above must address all portal areas (or other flood entry points) for the existing Melbourne Underground Rail Loop, or similar secondary infrastructure items that may allow for flood entry into the Project.

Traffic and Transport Working Group

RPV must establish and maintain a Traffic and Transport Working Group (TTWG), working under a terms of reference determined by RPV, and comprising relevant RPV representatives from PTY, DEPI (Transport), road management authorities, relevant councils, relevant public transport providers and other relevant agencies as required.

The TTWG will be responsible for reviewing and providing feedback on:

- Transport management plans.
- Relevant designs and methodologies for monitoring implementation of transport management plans.
- Transport modelling and proposed transport network upgrades to mitigate the transport effects of constructing the Project.
- The TTWG must also:
  a) route other key affected stakeholders to present or attend where matters specific to those stakeholders are being discussed or addressed, carried out consistent with the Community and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan(s) under EPR SC4;
  b) Provide feedback to all affected stakeholders on how their comments or matters of interest or concern are addressed in transport management plans; and
  c) Advise those key affected stakeholders of potential impacts and proposed traffic and transport mitigations, and consider stakeholders’ responses on these matters in providing feedback on the transport management plans required under EPRs T2 and T3.

The TTWG will be responsible for reviewing and providing feedback on:

- Traffic and Transport Working Group (TTWG) has been established (by RPV) and includes the listed stakeholders. The TTWG will operate in accordance with the terms of reference determined by RPV. EPR T3.

Transport Management Plans

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Transport Management Plan and Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Auditor. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with the Traffic and Transport Working Group and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditors, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

Note: Typically called a traffic management plan for Melbourne Metro, it is referred to as a transport management plan to ensure all modes of active and passive transport are considered.

Note - Typically called a traffic management plan, for Melbourne Metro, it is referred to as a transport management plan to ensure all modes of active and passive transport are considered.

See also to be established, EPRs T2 and T3.

Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Transport Management Plan and Communications and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan, which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Auditor. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with the Traffic and Transport Working Group and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditors, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

Note: Typically called a traffic management plan for Melbourne Metro, it is referred to as a transport management plan to ensure all modes of active and passive transport are considered.
### Transport

#### Public Transport (Construction Phase)
1. Prior to commencement of relevant works, develop and implement a plan for occupying railway land and tracks at the western portal, eastern portal and western turnback that minimizes the disruption to railway services during construction. The plan must be developed in consultation with the relevant authorities, and in the satisfaction of VicTrack, PTM and the MTRM, as relevant.
2. In consultation with the TTIS, provide suitable routes for pedestrians to maintain connectivity where access is altered by the contract, including ODA access where practicable, for users of South Kensington Station, Melbourne Central Station, Richmond Street Station, Newman Street station and bus stops relocated or constructed during the construction period, and around all construction sites generally.
3. In consultation with the TTIS, investigate and implement intersection modifications where practicable, including public transport priority measures for affected bus and tram routes.
4. Develop and implement measures to minimize disruption to the tram and bus networks resulting from the construction of Melbourne Metro in consultation with the relevant road management authorities, and in the satisfaction of VicTrack, PTM, DNOTE (Transport), including (but not limited to):
   - Options to divert the 401, 402, 403, 505 and 546 bus services.
   - Bus replacement services for disrupted rail passengers.

#### Road Transport (Construction Phase)
1. Road Network Management: An appropriate, transport management (plan) must include/address the following issues:
   - In consultation with emergency services, develop suitable measures to ensure emergency service access is not inhibited as a result of Melbourne Metro construction works.
   - Provision for two-way traffic on St Kilda Road through the construction period within the Domain station precinct.
   - Domain Road should be kept open from the exit up to the existing entrance of Edward Herring Memorial Oval, with provision for a local turnaround.
   - Develop and implement Network Enhancement Projects (NEPs) in consultation with the TTIS for locations including, but not limited to: College Crescent, Ggroundhouse Street, Cemetery Road and other east-west roads in the Parkville Precinct, to accommodate traffic that may use these roads as a result of the Grotan Street closure for Parkville station.
   - Kings Way, Canterbury Road and other roads and intersections to accommodate traffic that may use these roads as a result of the St Kilda Road lane reversion for Domain station closure.
   - These NEPs should have the objective of balancing impacts across the transport network and must consider the VToad Road Users Hierarchy principles set out in SmartRoads to ensure the needs of vehicle traffic and on-road public transport are appropriately accommodated during disruptions.
   - Provide suitable routes for vehicles to maintain connectivity for road users to St Kilda Park, South Kensington station, to medical facilities in the Domain Precinct and to the medical and educational facilities adjacent to the Parkville construction work site.
   - Provide alternative routes for trucks accessing the St Kilda Street Business Estate, Kensington.
   - Construction tracks: As appropriate, transport management plan(s) must include/address the following issues:
     - Potential routes for construction vehicles travelling to and from all Melbourne Metro construction work sites, recognising sensitive receptors and minimising the use of local streets where practicable (refer to EPR NV22).

#### Road Transport (Precinct)
1. Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Transport Management Plan (including relevant sub-plans, such as the Precinct Transport Management Plan and Transport Management Implementation Plan), which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with the Transport and Utilities Working Group and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

#### Road Transport (Road Network)
1. Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Transport Management Plan (including relevant sub-plans, such as the Precinct Transport Management Plan and Transport Management Implementation Plan), which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with the Traffic and Transport Working Group and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.

#### Parking
3. As appropriate, transport management plan(s) must include/address the following issues:
   - Special arrangements for delivery or removal of large loads.
   - Provision of construction vehicle staging areas and/or construction methodologies to minimize the potential impacts of truck call-forward options on residents and businesses.
   - A green travel strategy to encourage construction workers to travel to / from worksites by means other than private vehicle and / or outside peak times. This should include provision for on-street storage where practicable and consideration given to the use of shuttle buses to ferry workers to and from off-site car parks.

#### Road Network Management
3. As appropriate, transport management plan(s) must include/address the following issues:
   - Provision of alternative parking where possible to replace public and commuter parking lost from West Footscray Station, Childers Street, Laurens Street, Grotan Street, Domain Road, St Kilda Road and Albert Road during construction and preventing parking at undergraded locations on local roads.
   - The need to minimise the loss of public parking and replace or reinstate parking at the earliest opportunity.
   - Provision of suitable alternative parking and associated facilities to replace private parking and facilities lost or inaccessible during construction for any significant time, in consultation with the relevant stakeholders. The private parking is to be replaced or reinstated at the earliest opportunity.
   - A parking management plan prepared in consultation with and approved by the relevant road authority to manage parking in and around the construction zones. The plan must include parking controls to support other relevant EPR requirements.
   - Maintain Police Only parking bays in Swanston Street and Frasers Lane to the satisfaction of Victoria Police.
   - Minimize impacts on existing users, particularly those with special needs.
   - Provide a suitable level of accessibility to loading bays.
   - Provide for construction workers where practicable and in this regard use of off-street car parks for construction workers must be by prior agreement with the relevant management body; and
   - Measures must be implemented to prevent, to the extent practicable, construction workers parking in on-street spaces, unless it can be demonstrated by car parking surveys that there is adequate on-street supply.
   - A green travel strategy to encourage construction workers to travel to / from worksites by means other than private vehicle and / or outside peak times. This should include provision for on-street storage where practicable and consideration given to the use of shuttle buses to ferry workers to and from off-site car parks.

#### Road Network Management
3. As appropriate, transport management plan(s) must include/address the following issues:
   - Provision for two-way traffic on St Kilda Road through the construction period within the Domain station precinct.
   - Provision for two-way traffic on St Kilda Road through the construction period within the Domain station precinct.
   - Kings Way, Canterbury Road and other roads and intersections to accommodate traffic that may use these roads as a result of the St Kilda Road lane reversion for Domain station closure.
   - These NEPs should have the objective of balancing impacts across the transport network and must consider the VToad Road Users Hierarchy principles set out in SmartRoads to ensure the needs of vehicle traffic and on-road public transport are appropriately accommodated during disruptions.
   - Provide suitable routes for vehicles to maintain connectivity for road users to St Kilda Park, South Kensington station, to medical facilities in the Domain Precinct and to the medical and educational facilities adjacent to the Parkville construction work site.
   - Provide alternative routes for trucks accessing the St Kilda Street Business Estate, Kensington.
   - Construction tracks: As appropriate, transport management plan(s) must include/address the following issues:
     - Potential routes for construction vehicles travelling to and from all Melbourne Metro construction work sites, recognising sensitive receptors and minimising the use of local streets where practicable (refer to EPR NV22).

### National EPRs

#### Environmental Protection Requirements

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<td>Public</td>
<td>T4</td>
<td>Public Transport (Construction Phase)</td>
<td>Cross Yarra Partnership has prepared an Environmental Management System and Construction Environmental Management Plan. The aspect-specific control measures are identified in the Transport Management Plan (including relevant sub-plans, such as the Precinct Transport Management Plan and Transport Management Implementation Plan), which will be reviewed by the project’s Independent Reviewer. This is subject to separate stakeholder consultation requirements with Transport for Victoria, VicTrack, Public Transport Victoria, Department of Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources, Metro Trains Melbourne and the Traffic and Transport Working Group and reviewed by the Independent Environmental Auditor, including quarterly audits of performance throughout construction.</td>
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Eastern Portal Development Plan - Environmental Performance Requirement assessment

**Transport**

1. Prior to commencement of construction works, RPV is to develop and implement a Travel Demand Management Strategy and appropriate tools to promote specific transport behaviour changes in response to road, bicycle and pedestrian paths closures/modifications and to reduce traffic congestion around construction sites, particularly in the vicinity of the Parkville and Domain precincts where road closures and restrictions are proposed. The strategy must be consistent with the RPV Community and Stakeholder Engagement Framework (under EPR 5C) and, where practicable, include a mechanism for collecting and disseminating real-time traffic information to the public. Existing traffic and public transport information channels should be used wherever possible.

2. In consultation with the City of Melbourne, provide a suitable route for pedestrians to maintain connectivity and connection between Domain Road and the diverted number 8 tram on Toorak Road West.

3. In consultation with the City of Melbourne, provide suitable routes for cyclists and pedestrians throughout construction to maintain connectivity for road and shared path users around JJ Holland Park and South Kensington station.

4. In consultation with the City of Melbourne, provide suitable routes for cyclists and pedestrians throughout construction to maintain connectivity and connection, having regard to the removal of the William Street Bridge and Lonsdale Walk pedestrian path during the construction phase.

5. If turbine works are required at Linlithgow Avenue or nearby for temporary construction access shafts, provide for movement along the Tan Track in the Botanical Gardens near the Linlithgow Avenue construction sites, or provide a suitable alternative pedestrian path during construction.

6. In consultation with the City of Melbourne, provide adequate wayfinding to facilitate passenger transfers (see EPR LU4).

7. Optimize the design of A’Beckett Street and location of station infrastructure.

a) Optimising the design of the road network around Grattan Street associated with the changed demands and network changes on Grattan Street and Royal Parade / Elizabeth Street.

b) Optimal design of the road network around the construction sites, or provide a suitable alternative pedestrian path during construction.

c) Determine the optimal parking provision in the area and replace any lost parking where possible.

d) Between the Domain station and the new island platform tram stop in the centre of St Kilda Road and connections to the tram network.

e) Replaces loading zones to service the needs of the existing businesses in the precinct where disrupted during construction.

7. Optimise the design of the reinstated St Kilda Road and apply the road user hierarchy in consultation with the relevant road management authorities that:

   a) Minimises the permanent loss of parking where possible.

   b) Ensures re-instated car parking does not encroach on JJ Holland Park.

   c) Considers opportunities for replacement of any net loss of parking at nearby locations.

   d) Reduces the risk of overflow parking in local streets from South Kensington station and activities at JJ Holland Park.

   e) Replaces loading zones to service the needs of the existing businesses in the precinct where disrupted during construction.

   f) Provides for the reinstatement of Grattan Street, Parkville in consultation with the relevant road management authorities that includes:

      i) Optimal replacement of car parking spaces along Grattan Street to service the needs of the hospitals and the University of Melbourne, including the retention or replacement of specific short-term and OSD compliant parking.

      ii) Optimal design of the road network around Grattan Street associated with the changed demands and network changes on Grattan Street and Royal Parade / Elizabeth Street.

   g) Develop and implement a plan for the future use of Franklin Street in consultation with the relevant road management authorities that includes:

      i) Optimiising the design of Franklin Street in the Project Area.

      ii) Corridor to the Queen's Gardens in the Queen Victoria Market Precinct Renewal Master Plan.

   h) Monitoring the change in travel patterns around the area associated with the revised design of Franklin Street.

   i) Develop and implement a plan for the design of A’Beckett Street, Little La Trobe Street and Swanston Street in consultation with relevant road management authorities that includes:

      i) Optimising the design of A’Beckett Street and location of station infrastructure.

   j) Consideration of pedestrian and vehicle movements on Swanston Street between La Trobe and A’Beckett Streets and on Little La Trobe Street.

   k) Optimise the design of the reinstated St Kilda Road and apply the road user hierarchy in consultation with the relevant road management authorities to:

      i) Reduce delays and congestion.

      ii) Maintain safe operations through the precinct.

   l) Determine the optimal parking provision in the area and replace any lost parking where possible.

   m) Where vehicle and pedestrian access are altered during construction, ensure that vehicle and pedestrian access is reinstated appropriately, in accordance with relevant road design standards, so adjacent land is not compromised.

8. Where vehicles and pedestrian access are altered during construction, ensure that vehicle and pedestrian access is reinstated appropriately, in accordance with relevant road design standards, so adjacent land is not compromised.

**Public Transport (Operational Phase)**

1. Review, with PT Victoria (Transport) and Yarra Trams, the bus services in the areas around A’Beckett, Parkville, CBD North, CBD South and Domain stations, including a review of the route 615 bus frequency that is expected to have reduced demand following implementation of Melbourne Metro.

2. In consultation with PT Victoria (Transport), optimise the design of Melbourne Metro stations to ensure integration with existing and planned future uses and so that they will provide connections:

   a) Between the Parkville station and the new tram stop on Royal Parade.

   b) For interchange between the CBD North station and the existing tram lines along La Trobe Street and Swanston Street.

   c) For interchange between the CBD South station and the existing tram services along Elgin Street, Swanston Street and Collins Street.

   d) Between the Domain station and the new island platform tram stop in the centre of St Kilda Road and connections to the tram network.

3. In consultation with the relevant road management authorities, implement measures to address pedestrian congestion at and around station entrances where they interface with the Precincts, to the extent practicable.

4. Provide adequate wayfinding to facilitate passenger transfers (see EPR LU4).

5. Review, with PT Victoria (Transport) and Yarra Trams, the bus and tram services in the area to optimise the functionality of the CBD North and CBD South stations and to reduce the reliance on the Swanston Street tram corridor.
**Discipline** | **EPR Ref** | **Environmental Protection Requirements** | **Development Plan Response**
--- | --- | --- | ---
**Transport** | **T9** | Active Transport (Operational phase)
1. Develop and implement a permanent pedestrian footpath and on-road bicycle design for Childers Street, Kensington with the relevant road management authority, relevant local council, and the land manager prior to the removal of the shared use path on the southern side of the street.
2. In cooperation with the relevant road management authority and local council, and where practicable to do so, re-instate on-road bicycle lanes and bicycle parking provisions removed during construction.
3. In consultation with PTV / DEDJTR (Transport) and relevant local councils undertake a study of bicycle parking demands for the new stations.
4. Provide appropriate bicycle parking at each station adopting a flexible design that would allow for future expansion of capacity in consultation with relevant local councils and user groups, if required.
5. Review the reinstatement and provision of safe and effective bicycle lanes and pedestrian access in and around the Melbourne Metro station sites in cooperation with the relevant road management authorities and the relevant local council.
6. Provide wayfinding information to enhance connectivity for pedestrians and public transport users, in consultation with relevant local councils and user groups, including (but not limited to) the following locations:
   a) Between Melbourne Central Station and CBD North Station.
   b) The underground connection between Flinders Street Station and CBD South Station.
   c) At modal interchanges between new Melbourne Metro stations and other transport modes.
7. Consult with the TTWG on active transport, where required.
8. In consultation with the Parkville Reference Group, established under EPR SC11, review future pedestrian movement and conditions at the Parkville Precinct in order to optimise the number and location of station entries and the surrounding footpath environment.
|  |  | Operational active transport for the Eastern Portal is presented in section 4.4.8 of the Development Plan. |
**Transport** | **T10** | Waste collection
1. Prior to commencement of relevant works, develop and implement a plan or plans, in consultation with local councils and private waste collection services, to manage changes to waste collection and waste storage in the areas affected by construction activity. The plan(s) should include, but not be limited to:
   a) Providing for minimal change in waste collection times where the change might affect the capacity of residents to sleep.
   b) Providing access for existing waste collection services from existing properties considering the extent of the construction area and road network changes.
   c) Providing access to alternative waste collection locations for properties during project construction and operation where existing waste disposal locations are removed or obstructed.
   d) Design for re-installation of appropriate access for existing waste services during Project operation.
   e) Consultation with affected businesses, land owners and residents to be undertaken jointly with local councils to encourage alternative waste management options to be adopted.
|  |  | Waste collection for the Eastern Portal is presented in Section 4.4.8 of the Development Plan.